

MATH 4140. HOMEWORK 9
due Wednesday, April 13

Note: All numbered exercises are from Erdmann–Holm ([EH]).

- (1) Read Chapter 4 of [EH] again.
- (2) Exercise 4.1.
- (3) Exercise 4.2.
- (4) Exercise 4.6.
- (5) Prove that if A is a commutative k -algebra, then the Jacobson radical $J(A)$ contains all nilpotent elements of A .
- (6) Prove that for any k -algebra A , we have $J(A/J(A)) = 0$.
- (7) Let k be an infinite field. Let f be a polynomial in $k[x]$ and let $f = f_1^{a_1} \dots f_r^{a_r}$ be the unique decomposition of f into pairwise coprime irreducible factors f_1, \dots, f_r . Let $A = k[x]/\langle f \rangle$.
 - (a) Find the maximal ideals of A .
 - (b) Find the Jacobson radical of A .
 - (c) Describe when A is semisimple (“ A is semisimple if and only if ...”), and justify your description.
 - (d) Prove that $k[x]$ is not semisimple.
 - (e) Prove that the Jacobson radical $J(k[x])$ of $k[x]$ is zero.
 - (f) By the previous two parts, the algebra $k[x]$ has trivial Jacobson radical but is not semisimple. Why does this not contradict Part (g) of Theorem 4.23?