## Math 2001. More Proof Problems

Prove the following statements.
(1) Suppose $x \in \mathbb{R}$.. If $x^{3}-x>0$ then $x>-1$.
(2) Suppose $x \in \mathbb{R}$. If $x^{5}-4 x^{4}+3 x^{3}-x^{2}+3 x-4 \geq 0$, then $x \geq 0$.
(3) Suppose $a \in \mathbb{Z}$. If $a^{2}$ is not divisible by 4 , then $a$ is odd.
(4) If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $4 \nmid\left(n^{2}-3\right)$.
(5) The number $\sqrt{3}$ is irrational.
(6) Suppose $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$. If $a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}$, then $a$ or $b$ is even.
(7) Suppose $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$. If $a$ is rational and $a b$ is irrational, then $b$ is irrational.
(8) There exist no integers $a, b$ for which $21 a+30 b=1$.
(9) If $A$ and $B$ are sets, then $A \cap(B-A)=\emptyset$.

