Solutions to Selected Exercises, HW #4

Assignment from T-BOP:

- Section 1.6, pages 20–21: Exercises 1(acdfi), 2(befi), 4.
- Section 1.7, pages 22–24: Exercises 3, 4, 6, 8, 11, 14.
- Section 1.8, pages 24–28: Exercises 1–6, 9, 10, 11.

T-BOP, Section 1.6

Exercise 2. Let $A = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$ and $B = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$ have universal set $U = \{0, 1, 2, ..., 8\}$. Find:

(b)
$$\overline{B} = \{0, 1, 2, ..., 8\} - \{1, 3, 5, 7\} = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\} = A.$$

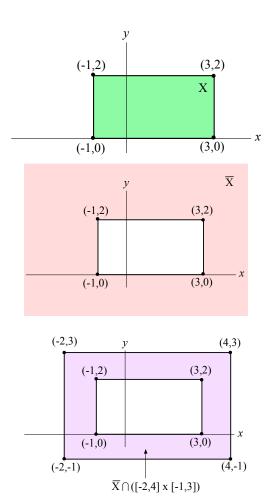
(e)
$$A - \overline{A} = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\} - \{1, 3, 5, 7\} = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\} = A.$$

(f)
$$\overline{A \cup B} = \{0, 1, 2, ..., 8\} - (\{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\} \cup \{1, 3, 5, 7\}) = \emptyset.$$

(i)
$$\overline{\overline{A} \cap B} = \{0, 1, 2, ..., 8\} - (\{1, 3, 5, 7\} \cap \{1, 3, 5, 7\}) = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\} = A.$$

Exercise 4. Sketch the set $X = [-1,3] \times [0,2]$ on the plane \mathbb{R}^2 . On separate drawings, shade in the sets \overline{X} and $\overline{X} \cap ([-2,4] \times [-1,3])$.

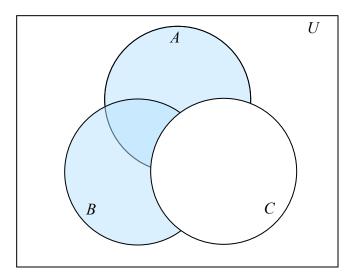
SOLUTION:



T-BOP, Section 1.7

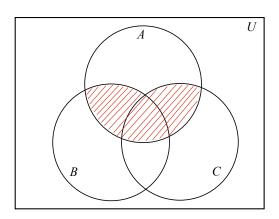
Exercise 4. Draw a Venn diagram for $(A \cup B) - C$.

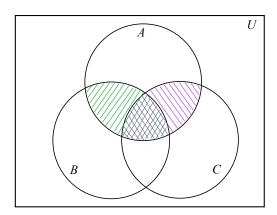
SOLUTION:



Exercise 6. Draw Venn diagrams for $A \cap (B \cup C)$ and $(A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$. Based on your drawings, do you think $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$?

SOLUTION:





Yes, it sure seems that way. In the Venn diagram on the left, $A \cap (B \cup C)$ is shaded in red. In the Venn diagram on the right, $(A \cap B)$ is shaded in green, and $(A \cap C)$ is shaded in purple. Certainly the region shaded in the left Venn diagram looks like the total region shaded in the right one. (In fact, we proved in class that $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$ for all sets A, B, C.)

Exercise 14. The expression for the set shown is $(A \cap B \cap C) \cup (A - (B \cup C))$.

T-BOP, Section 1.8

Exercise 2.

$$\bigcup_{i=1}^{3} A_i = \{0, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24\} \quad \text{and} \quad \bigcap_{i=1}^{3} A_i = \{0, 12, 24\}.$$

Exercise 4.

$$\bigcup_{i\in\mathbb{N}} A_i = 2\mathbb{Z} \quad \text{and} \quad \bigcap_{i\in\mathbb{N}} A_i = \{0\}.$$

Exercise 6.

$$\bigcup_{i\in\mathbb{N}}[0,i+1]=[0,\infty)\quad\text{and}\quad\bigcap_{i\in\mathbb{N}}[0,i+1]=[0,2].$$

Exercise 10.

$$\bigcup_{x \in [0,1]} [x,1] \times [0,x^2] = \{(x,y) \in [0,1] \times [0,1] : y \leq x^2\} \quad \text{and} \quad \bigcap_{x \in [0,1]} [x,1] \times [0,x^2] = \{(1,0)\}.$$