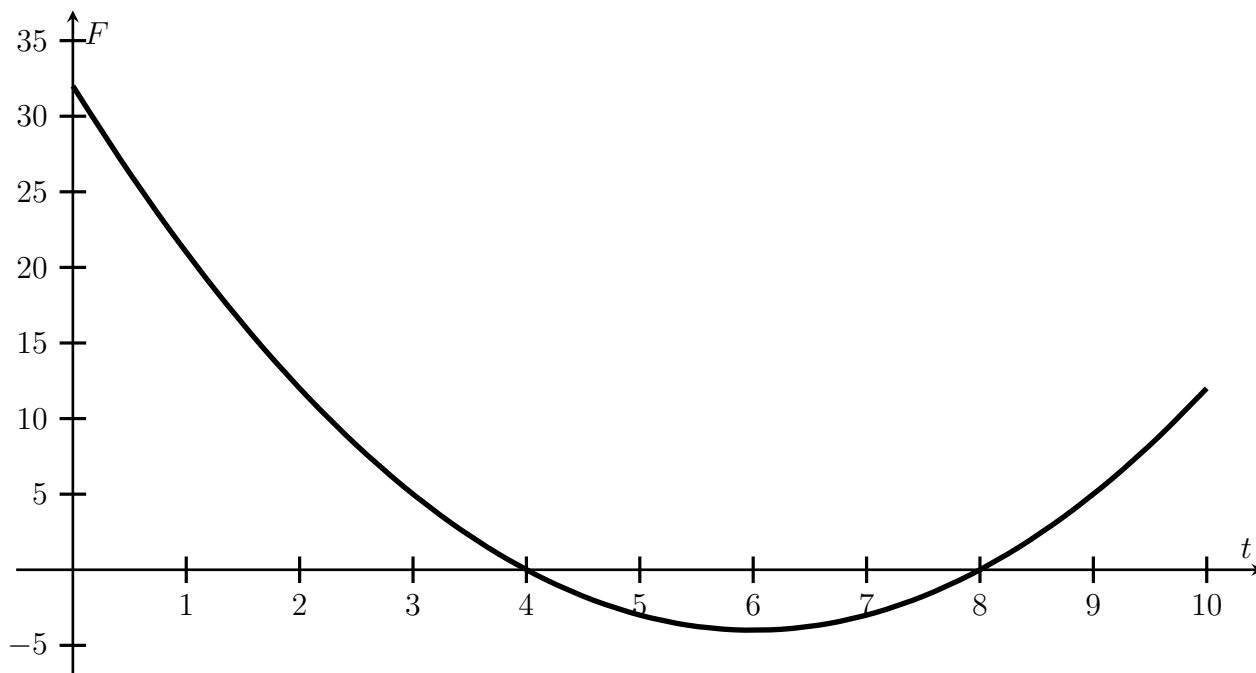


1. Use the table of values for the functions k , ℓ and m below to find the following values.

t	0	1	2	3	4
$k(t)$	4	3	2	1	0
$\ell(t)$	3	1	4	0	2
$m(t)$	2	0	4	1	3

- (a) $\ell(m(0))$
 - (b) $m(k(3))$
 - (c) $k(k(2))$
 - (d) $k(\ell(m(4)))$
 - (e) $m(m(m(2)))$
2. Consider a line through the points $(2, 5)$ and $(4, 7)$.
- (a) Find the slope of the line.
 - (b) Find the equation of the line in any form.
 - (c) Find the x -intercept of this line.
3. The rate of change of a population of algae, A' , is proportional to 3 less than the population A .
- (a) Write an equation relating A' and A . Your equation will involve a constant of proportionality, k .
 - (b) The rate of change of the population is 10 algae per day when there are 20 algae present. Find k . What are the correct units for k ?
 - (c) What is the rate of change of the algae population when there are 50 algae? Please provide the correct units with your answer.
4. Find $g'(1)$ if $g(x) = 100$.
5. Find the slope of the *secant* line to the graph of $h(x) = x^2 + 10$, through the points $x = 0$ and $x = 5$.
6. Consider a quantity F whose graph appears below.



- (a) Where (for which values of t) is F positive? Where is it negative?
- (b) Where (for which values of t) is F' positive? Where is it negative?
- (c) Which of the following could be a formula for F' ? Please *circle the correct answer*, and explain. (You don't need to know anything about computing derivatives. Just think about your answers above.)

$$F' = 2 \quad F' = 2t - 12 \quad F' = t \quad F' = t^2$$

7. Let $f(x) = 3x^2 + 1$.

- (a) Using your calculator, find the average rate of change $\Delta y / \Delta x$ of $f(x)$ with respect to x , from $x = 1$ to $x = 1 + \Delta x$, for each of the following three values of Δx : $\Delta x = 0.1$, $\Delta x = 0.01$, $\Delta x = 0.001$.
- (b) Using only part (a) of this problem, what do you think $f'(1)$ is? Please explain.
- (c) Use *algebra* to show that the average rate of change of $f(x)$ with respect to x , from $x = 1$ to $x = 1 + \Delta x$, is $6 + 3\Delta x$.
- (d) Find $f'(1)$.
- (e) Find the equation of the line shown below.

