

Exercise 5.5.27

Linear Algebra MATH 2130

SEBASTIAN CASALAINA

ABSTRACT. This is Exercise 5.5.27 from Lay [LLM21, §5.5]:

Exercise 5.5.27. Let A be an $n \times n$ real matrix with the property that $A^T = A$, let \mathbf{x} be any vector in \mathbb{C}^n , and let $q(\mathbf{x}) = \bar{\mathbf{x}}^T A \mathbf{x}$. Show that $q(\mathbf{x})$ is a real number.

Solution. We will show more generally that if A is an $n \times n$ complex matrix with the property that $\bar{A}^T = A$, and \mathbf{x} is any vector in \mathbb{C}^n , then $q(\mathbf{x}) = \bar{\mathbf{x}}^T A \mathbf{x}$ is a real number. To do this, it suffices to show that $\overline{q(\mathbf{x})} = q(\mathbf{x})$.

Indeed, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{q(\mathbf{x})} &= \overline{\bar{\mathbf{x}}^T A \mathbf{x}} \\ &= \mathbf{x}^T \overline{\bar{A} \mathbf{x}} && \text{(see p.307, } \overline{\bar{B} C} = \bar{B} \bar{C}, \text{ and } \overline{\bar{B}} = B) \\ &= \mathbf{x}^T \bar{A} \bar{\mathbf{x}} && (\overline{\bar{B} C} = \bar{B} \bar{C}) \\ &= (\mathbf{x}^T \bar{A} \bar{\mathbf{x}})^T && \text{(transpose of a } 1 \times 1 \text{ matrix)} \\ &= \bar{\mathbf{x}}^T \bar{A}^T (\mathbf{x}^T)^T && \text{(see Thm. 3, p.105, } (BC)^T = C^T B^T) \\ &= \bar{\mathbf{x}}^T A \mathbf{x} && ((B^T)^T = B, \text{ and we assumed } \bar{A}^T = A) \\ &= q(\mathbf{x}). \end{aligned}$$

□

REFERENCES

[LLM21] David Lay, Stephen Lay, and Judi McDonald, *Linear Algebra and its Applications*, Sixth edition, Pearson, 2021.

UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO, DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, CAMPUS BOX 395, BOULDER, CO 80309

Email address: `casa@math.colorado.edu`