Exercise 21.2

Abstract Algebra 1 MATH 3140

SEBASTIAN CASALAINA

ABSTRACT. This is Exercise 21.2 from Fraleigh [Fra03, §21]:

Exercise 21.2. Describe the field *F* of quotients of the integral subdomain

$$D = \{n + m\sqrt{2} : n, m \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

of \mathbb{R} . More precisely, following the notation of [Fra03, Theorem 21.6], describe the one-to-one homomorphism of rings $\psi : F \to \mathbb{R}$ that gives an isomorphism of *F* with a subfield *K* of \mathbb{R} such that $\psi(a) = a$ for all $a \in D$, and give a concise description of *K*.

Solution. By the construction of the field of quotients *F*, the map ψ : *F* \rightarrow \mathbb{R} is given by the rule

$$\psi(n+m\sqrt{2},n'+m'\sqrt{2}) = \frac{n+m\sqrt{2}}{n'+m'\sqrt{2}}$$

This gives an isomorphism of *F* with the subfield

$$K := \{n + m\sqrt{2} : n, m \in \mathbb{Q}\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}.$$

Indeed, it suffices to show that $\psi[F] = K$. First let $\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d}\sqrt{2} \in K$. Then, since $\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d}\sqrt{2} = \frac{ad}{bd} + \frac{bc}{bd}\sqrt{2}$, we have that $\psi(ad + bc\sqrt{2}, bd) = \frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d}\sqrt{2}$. Thus $K \subseteq \psi[F]$. On the other hand,

$$\psi\left(n+m\sqrt{2},n'+m'\sqrt{2}\right) = \frac{n+m\sqrt{2}}{n'+m'\sqrt{2}}$$
$$= \frac{n+m\sqrt{2}}{n'+m'\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{n'-m'\sqrt{2}}{n'-m'\sqrt{2}}$$
$$= \frac{(nn'-2mm')+(mn'-nm')\sqrt{2}}{n'^2-2m'^2}$$
$$= \frac{nn'-2mm'}{n'^2-2m'^2} + \frac{mn'-m'n}{n'^2-2m'^2}\sqrt{2}$$

Date: August 8, 2021.

Sobaction	Casal	laina
Sebastian	Casa	anna

Exercise 21.2

Thus $\psi[F] \subseteq K$, and we have that $\psi[F] = K$, completing the proof.

References

[Fra03] John Fraleigh, A First Course in Abstract Algebra, Seventh edition, Addison Wesley, Pearson, 2003.

UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO, DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, CAMPUS BOX 395, BOULDER, CO 80309 Email address: casa@math.colorado.edu