Exercise 4.35

Abstract Algebra 1 MATH 3140

SEBASTIAN CASALAINA

ABSTRACT. This is Exercise 4.35 from Fraleigh [Fra03, §4]:

Exercise 4.35. Show that if $(a * b)^2 = a^2 * b^2$ for *a* and *b* in a group *G*, then a * b = b * a.

Solution. Suppose that $(a * b)^2 = a^2 * b^2$ for *a* and *b* in a group *G*. Then we have

$$(a * b) * (a * b) = (a * a) * (b * b).$$

We can multiply both sides by a^{-1} on the left, and b^{-1} on the right, giving $a^{-1} * a * b * a * b = a^{-1} * a * b * b * b^{-1}$, which reduces to e * b * a * e = e * a * b * e, which is the same as b * a = a * b. \Box

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References

[Fra03] John Fraleigh, A First Course in Abstract Algebra, Seventh edition, Addison Wesley, Pearson, 2003.

UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO, DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, CAMPUS BOX 395, BOULDER, CO 80309 Email address: casa@math.colorado.edu