## HOMEWORK 3 EXAMPLE

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The proofs people are turning in on the homework have generally been unclear. Here is a sample solution to one of this week's problems. Please try to emulate this example in your proofs by writing out each step of a proof clearly and with lucid explanations.

## 1. Exercises 9

*Exercise* 1 (# 9.33). Consider  $S_n$  for a fixed  $n \ge 2$ , and let  $\sigma$  be a fixed odd permutation. The problem asks us to show that every odd permutation in  $S_n$  is a product of  $\sigma$  and some permutation in  $A_n$ .

*Proof.* Let  $\sigma'$  be an odd permutation in  $S_n$ . We must show that there exists an even permutation  $\mu \in A_n$  such that  $\sigma' = \sigma \mu$ .

From the definition of an odd permutation, there exist a finite number of transpositions  $\tau_1, \ldots, \tau_m$  for some odd  $m \in \mathbb{N}$  such that

$$\sigma=\tau_1\ldots\tau_m.$$

Similarly, since  $\sigma'$  is also an odd permutation, there exist a finite number of transpositions  $\tau'_1, \ldots, \tau'_\ell$  for some odd  $\ell \in \mathbb{N}$  such that  $\sigma' = \tau'_1 \ldots \tau'_\ell$ . Consider now the permutation

$$\mu = \sigma^{-1} \sigma'.$$

I claim that this lies in  $A_n$ . Indeed we have

$$\mu = \sigma^{-1} \sigma' = \underbrace{\tau_m \dots \tau_1 \tau'_1 \dots \tau'_\ell}_{m+\ell}$$

The sum of two odd numbers is even, and so it follows that this is an even permutation.

As a consequence, since  $\sigma' = \sigma(\sigma^{-1}\sigma') = \sigma\mu$ , we have established that  $\sigma'$  is the product of  $\sigma$  and a permutation  $\mu \in A_n$ .

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