

Lecture: Section 3.8: Rates of Change

*Lecturer: Sarah Arpin***Today's Goal: More practice!**

Logistics: This is a supplement to our 3.8 lecture notes.

Warm-Up 1.1 $\frac{d}{dx}(f(\log_2(x))) = \dots$

(A) $f' \left(\frac{1}{\ln(2)x} \right)$

(B) $\frac{f'(\log_2(x))}{x \ln(2)}$

(C) $\frac{f(\log_2(x))}{x \log_2(x)}$

(D) $\frac{1}{\ln(2)f(x)}$

(E) *None of the above.***Example 1.2** *A particle moves along a horizontal line so that its coordinate at time t is $x = \sqrt{b^2 + c^2 t^2}$, for $t \geq 0$ where b and c are positive constants.*(a) *Find the velocity and acceleration functions.*(b) *Show that the particle always moves in the positive direction.***Example 1.3** *The volume of a right circular cone is $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$, where r is the radius of the base and h is the height.*(a) *Find the rate of change of the volume with respect to the height if the radius is constant.*(b) *Find the rate of change of the volume with respect to the radius if the height is constant.*

Example 1.4 Find f' in terms of g' :

1. $f(x) = x^2g(\sin(x))$

2. $f(x) = \log_3(g(x))$

3. $f(x) = g(\log_5(x))$

4. $f(x) = g(\ln(g(x)))$

Example 1.5 Find y' :

$$x^2 \cos(y) + \sin(2y) = xy$$