MATH 6140: First midterm examination. Friday, 19 February 2021.

Put your name on each answer sheet. Answer all three questions.

Justify all your answers in full.

Formula sheets, calculators, notes and books are not permitted.

1. Let $V = \mathbb{R}^2$ be a 2-dimensional real vector space considered as a unital R-module, where $R = \mathbb{R}[x]$, and where x acts by the linear transformation $T: V \to V$ whose matrix with respect to the standard basis $\mathcal{E} = \{e_1, e_2\}$ is given by

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (i) Find all the R-submodules of V.
- (ii) Is V a cyclic R-module? Why or why not?
- 2. Let V be the $\mathbb{R}[x]$ -module of Question 1, equipped with the basis \mathcal{E} .
- (i) Let $\phi: V \to V$ be an \mathbb{R} -linear map, and let A be the matrix of ϕ with respect to the basis \mathcal{E} . Find a necessary and sufficient condition on A for ϕ to be a homomorphism of $\mathbb{R}[x]$ -modules.
- (ii) Show that there exists a nonzero element $\psi \in \operatorname{End}_{\mathbb{R}[x]}(V)$ for which $\psi^2 = 0$, and deduce that $\operatorname{End}_{\mathbb{R}[x]}(V)$ is not a division ring.
- 3. Let D be an $n \times n$ diagonal matrix over a field F. Prove that

$$\det(D \otimes D) = \det(D)^{2n},$$

where \otimes is the Kronecker product.