

## Review 4 - Short Answers

1.  $\operatorname{div} \vec{F} = 4z$  and the sphere is symmetric over the  $xy$ -plane, so the flux is 0 by the Divergence theorem.
2.  $\iint_{\sigma} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S} = \int_0^1 \int_1^3 \langle 5t, s^2, 0 \rangle \cdot \langle 10, -10s, 4st \rangle dt ds = 195.$
3.  $\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} \stackrel{\text{Stokes'}}{=} \iint_{\sigma} \langle 2, -3, -8 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle dS = 128\pi.$
4.  $\iint_{\sigma} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S} \stackrel{\text{Divergence}}{=} - \left( \iiint 0 dV - \iint_{x^2+y^2 \leq 25} \langle 0, 0, \cos(x^2 + y^2) \rangle \cdot \langle 0, 0, -1 \rangle dA \right) = -\pi \sin(25).$
5.  $\iint_{\sigma} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S} = \int_0^2 \int_0^3 \langle x-y, x+y, 3x \rangle \cdot \langle -1, -1, 1 \rangle dy dx = 6.$
6.  $\iint_{\sigma} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S} = \int_0^{\pi} \int_1^3 \left\langle \frac{-2}{a \cos \theta}, \frac{2}{a \sin \theta}, 0 \right\rangle \cdot \langle -2a^2 \cos \theta \cos(a^2), -2a^2 \sin \theta \cos(a^2), a \rangle da d\theta = 0.$
7.  $\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} \stackrel{\text{Stokes'}}{=} \int_0^5 \int_0^{\frac{3}{5}z} \langle -1, -1, -1 \rangle \cdot \langle -1, 0, 0 \rangle dy dz = \frac{15}{2}.$
8.  $\operatorname{div} \vec{F} = 1$  so, by the Divergence theorem, the flux is equal to  $(-1) \cdot$  volume (from orientation). Thus, the flux is  $-12$ .