Math 2001, Spring 2023. Katherine E. Stange.

1 Assignment

Suppose you have 7 cups, face down on a table. At each move, you may turn over exactly 4 cups (if the cup is up, you turn it down; if the cup is down, you turn it up). Prove that it is impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face up with any finite number of such moves.

Hint: Think about the possible states you can achieve, in particular, their parity (even or oddness). Please try to write the most beautiful, simple, clear proof that you can.

2 ChatGPT

Note: this goes on for a long time (you may not want to print it all) and although ChatGPT appeared to understand the problem after some clarification, and eventually claimed the parity of the number of up-facing cups is preserved, it produced no valuable solutions beyond that one statement. More distressingly, it seemed unaware of all the illogical and contradictory statements it made; it seems to have no meta-cognition.

This problem can be approached using modular arithmetic.

Consider the state of each cup as a binary digit, where 0 represents a face-down cup and 1 represents a face-up cup. In this representation, the initial state of the 7 cups is represented by the binary number 0000000 (all cups are face-down).

When we turn over exactly 4 cups, we are essentially flipping the binary value of 4 bits. Therefore, any state that can be reached from the initial state can be represented by a binary number in which exactly 4 bits have a value of 1 and the remaining 3 bits have a value of 0.

Now, let's consider the binary representation of the final state where all 7 cups are face-up, which is represented by the binary number 1111111. The number of bits that have a value of 1 in this number is 7.

Since any state that can be reached from the initial state can be represented by a binary number with exactly 4 bits that have a value of 1, it is clear that it is not possible to reach the final state where all 7 cups are face-up, no matter how many moves are made.

Me: You misunderstood the problem. You can do as many moves as you want. Can you ever get to 7 face-up cups?

ChatGPT:

I apologize for the confusion. My previous answer assumed a finite number of moves.

Given an unlimited number of moves, it is possible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up. To see this, we can represent the state of each cup as a binary digit, where 0 represents a face-down cup and 1 represents a face-up cup. We can also consider the state of each cup as a residue modulo 2.

Each move corresponds to flipping the value of 4 cups modulo 2. In mod 2 arithmetic, the operation of addition is equivalent to the operation of subtraction and the operation of subtraction is equivalent to addition.

Therefore, since we can perform as many moves as we want, we can repeatedly add 4 to the residue of each cup modulo 2, until we reach the desired state where all 7 cups are face-up, which corresponds to a residue of 7 mod 2.

So, it is possible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up, with an unlimited number of moves.

Me: If it is possible, then you can give me the exact moves to achieve it. What are they?

ChatGPT:

Each move corresponds to flipping the value of 4 cups modulo 2. The initial state of the 7 cups is represented by the binary number 0000000 (all cups are face-down) and it's residue is 0 mod 2.

To achieve the final state where all 7 cups are face-up, which is represented by the binary number 1111111 and the residue is 7 mod 2, we can follow these steps:

At the first move, flip the 4 cups corresponding to the first, second, third and fourth bits, this will change the residue from 0 mod 2 to 4 mod 2 At the second move, flip the 4 cups corresponding to the fifth, sixth, seventh and first bits, this will change the residue from 4 mod 2 to 1 mod 2 At the third move, flip the 4 cups corresponding to the second, third, fourth and fifth bits, this will change the residue from 1 mod 2 to 6 mod 2 At the fourth move, flip the 4 cups corresponding to the sixth, seventh and first and second bits, this will change the residue from 6 mod 2 to 3 mod 2 At the fifth move, flip the 4 cups corresponding to the third, fourth hits, this will change the residue from 3 mod 2 to 0 mod 2 At the sixth move, flip the 4 cups corresponding to the seventh, first, second and third bits, this will change the residue from 0 mod 2 to 4 mod 2 At the seventh move, flip the 4 cups corresponding to the seventh, first, second and third bits, this will change the residue from 0 mod 2 to 4 mod 2 At the seventh move, flip the 4 cups corresponding to the fourth, first, second and third bits, this will change the residue from 0 mod 2 to 4 mod 2 At the seventh move, flip the 4 cups corresponding to the fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh bits, this will change the residue from 4 mod 2 to 7 mod 2. So, the final state is reached after 7 moves. The order of the moves is important, you have to follow the order of the bits.

Me: If you follow those moves, each cup is turned over 4 times, returning to its face-down configuration. You can [sic] not succeeded.

ChatGPT:

You are correct, I apologize for the mistake in my previous answer. The sequence of moves I provided would indeed return the cups to their initial face-down configuration, so it is not possible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up using those moves.

It is in fact impossible to turn all 7 cups face up with any sequence of moves where you turn over exactly 4 cups at a time, as the parity (remainder when divided by 2) of the number of times a cup is turned over will always be the same as the initial state.

In other words, starting from an initial configuration where all cups are face-down, and using moves that turn over exactly 4 cups at a time, the parity of the number of times each cup is turned over will always be 0 (even), which means that it will never reach the final configuration where all cups are face-up, where parity is 1 (odd).

Me: That's not true. If I turn over cups 1,2,3,4, then the first cup (for example) has been turned over once, a parity of 1 (odd).

ChatGPT: You are correct, I apologize for any confusion caused by my previous statement.

It is possible to turn over all 7 cups to face up, if you turn over cups in a specific pattern. The key idea is to make sure that each cup is flipped an odd number of times.

One such pattern would be:

Turn over cups 1,2,3,4 Turn over cups 2,3,4,5 Turn over cups 3,4,5,6 Turn over cups 4,5,6,7 Turn over cups 5,6,7,1 Turn over cups 6,7,1,2 Turn over cups 7,1,2,3 Turn over cups 1,2,3,4 With this pattern, each cup is flipped over an odd number of times, and the final state of all 7 cups face up is achieved.

Keep in mind that this is just one possible pattern, there may be other patterns as well that can achieve the same result.

Me: After that sequence, cup number 7 has been flipped only four times.

ChatGPT:

You are correct again, I apologize for the mistake in my previous answer. The sequence of moves I provided would not achieve the final state of all 7 cups face-up, since cup number 7 would have been flipped only four times and it would not have an odd parity.

The problem of turning over the 7 cups with exactly 4 flips per move can be solved with a little bit of mathematical thinking, we can use the cup's index modulo 4.

One possible solution:

Turn over cups 1,2,3,4 Turn over cups 5,6,7,1 Turn over cups 2,3,4,5 Turn over cups 6,7,1,2 Turn over cups 3,4,5,6 Turn over cups 7,1,2,3 Turn over cups 4,5,6,7 With this pattern, each cup is flipped over an odd number of times, and the final state of all 7 cups face up is achieved.

It's important to notice that the pattern is a cyclic one and that the first move is the one that set the cycle.

Me: Cup 7 is still flipped an even number of times in that solution.

ChatGPT:

I apologize for the confusion, you are correct that the pattern provided in my previous answer would not result in all cups being flipped an odd number of times.

The problem of turning over the 7 cups with exactly 4 flips per move is a difficult one and it is indeed impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up with any finite number of such moves.

It can be seen as a mathematical problem and can be modeled as a graph where each cup is a vertex and edges represent the flip operation between the four cups. The problem is equivalent to coloring the graph with two colors where no two adjacent vertices have the same color, but since the graph is not bipartite it is impossible to color it using two colors.

In other words, the problem is impossible to solve because the number of cups is not divisible by 4.

I apologize for any confusion caused by my previous answers and I hope this clears up any misconceptions.

Me: The definition of the graph makes no sense, specifically the definition of the edges. Given two cups, what determines whether there is an edge between them? Please clarify.

ChatGPT:

You are correct, my previous statement about modeling the problem as a graph with edges representing flip operations between the four cups was not well defined, and I apologize for any confusion that may have caused.

In the context of this problem, the graph representation was not a useful one, and I apologize for any confusion caused by my previous statements about it. The key point to understand is that this problem is impossible to solve because the number of cups is not divisible by 4, no matter the pattern we choose.

Again, I apologize for any confusion caused by my previous answers, and I hope this clears up any misconceptions. Me: You claim it is impossible. Please prove it with details.

ChatGPT:

I apologize for any confusion caused by my previous statement. To prove that it is impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up with any finite number of such moves, we can use mathematical induction.

The base case is when there are 4 cups, in which case it is possible to flip all cups to face-up in one move.

Assume that it is possible to flip all n cups to face-up, where n is divisible by 4.

Now consider n+1 cups, where n+1 is not divisible by 4.

At each move, we can only flip 4 cups, and the parity of each cup (the number of times it is flipped) must be odd for the final state to be all face-up. The parity of each cup can be represented as a number modulo 4, where 0 represents an even number of flips, and 1,2,3 represent odd numbers of flips.

If we flip the first 4 cups, the parity of each cup is 1.

If we flip the next 4 cups, the parity of the first cup becomes 0, which is an even number of flips.

There is no way to flip the remaining cups to make the parity of the first cup odd again.

Therefore, it is impossible to flip all n+1 cups to face-up, where n+1 is not divisible by 4.

By mathematical induction, we have proven that it is impossible to flip all 7 cups to face-up in this problem. Again I apologize for any confusion caused by my previous statements.

Me: I'm afraid this makes very little sense. I don't know why 2 modulo 4 would represent an odd number of flips. I'm not sure why if we flip the next four cups, the first cup is changed at all. Then you assert there's no way

to flip the remaining cups to change that parity, which is false (just flip that cup again). Then you conclude "by induction" without having used the inductive hypothesis .

ChatGPT:

I apologize for the inaccuracies and confusion in my previous explanation. You are correct that the claim that 2 modulo 4 represents an odd number of flips is not accurate. Additionally, the claim that the first cup's parity is changed by flipping the next 4 cups is also incorrect.

To prove that it is impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up with any finite number of such moves, we can approach it differently.

Consider the fact that each cup is flipped an even number of times. If we start with all cups face-down, after any number of moves, the number of face-up cups will still be even. The only way to have an odd number of face-up cups is if we start with an odd number of face-up cups, which is not the case in this problem.

Therefore, it is impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up with any finite number of such moves, because it would require an odd number of face-up cups and the number of face-up cups will always be even.

I apologize for any confusion caused by my previous statements, and I hope this new explanation is clearer.

Me: Ok, I like this better, but I don't see why each cup is flipped an even number of times. Can you use this same method but fix the proof?

ChatGPT:

I apologize for any confusion in my previous explanations. I'll try to clarify the proof further.

To prove that it is impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up with any finite number of such moves, we can use the fact that flipping a cup is a reversible operation and that the number of face-up cups is always even.

Each cup can be in one of two states, face-up or face-down. At each move, we can flip exactly 4 cups, which means we are reversing the state of those cups. Since reversing an operation twice will bring us back to the initial state, any number of moves that can be expressed as a multiple of 4 will result in the same number of face-up cups as the starting configuration.

So if we start with all cups face-down, the number of face-up cups will always be 0, which is even. And if the starting configuration is not all cups face-down, the number of face-up cups will always be even. Therefore, it is impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up with any finite number of such moves, because it would require an odd number of face-up cups and the number of face-up cups will always be even.

I apologize for any confusion caused by my previous statements, and I hope this explanation is clearer.

Me: I appreciate your persistence, but this still makes no sense. The number of face-up cups will not always be 0. For example, after one move, it is 4.

ChatGPT:

I apologize for any confusion. You are correct that the number of face-up cups will not always be 0. I apologize for the mistake in my previous explanation.

To prove that it is impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up with any finite number of such moves, we can use the fact that flipping a cup is a reversible operation and that the number of face-up cups is always even.

Each cup can be in one of two states, face-up or face-down. At each move, we can flip exactly 4 cups, which means we are reversing the state of those cups. Since reversing an operation twice will bring us back to the initial state, any number of moves that can be expressed as a multiple of 4 will result in the same number of face-up cups as the starting configuration.

So if we start with all cups face-down, the number of face-up cups after one move is 4, which is even. And in any other starting configuration, the number of face-up cups will always be even. Therefore, it is impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up with any finite number of such moves, because it would require an odd number of face-up cups and the number of face-up cups will always be even.

I apologize for any confusion caused by my previous statements, and I hope this explanation is clearer.

Me: I agree that the number of face-up cups will always be even. But I don't think you have proven that correctly. ChatGPT:

I apologize if my previous explanations were not clear. You are correct that just proving that the number of face-up cups is always even does not prove that it is impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up with any finite number of such moves.

Here is a different proof:

Each cup can be in one of two states, face-up or face-down. At each move, we can flip exactly 4 cups. The total number of moves is limited and can't exceed 7, which is the number of cups, because we are flipping exactly 4 cups at each move, So at each move we flip exactly 4 cups, and also at each move we change the state of exactly 4 cups from face-down to face-up, or from face-up to face-down. Also, we can see that the number of face-up cups and the number of face-down cups are always equal. So, if we start with all cups face-down, the number of face-up cups will never reach 7 because at each move the number of face-up cups and the number of face-down cups are always equal. Therefore, it is impossible to achieve a state where all 7 cups are face-up with any finite number of such moves.

I apologize for any confusion caused by my previous statements and I hope this explanation is clearer.

I gave up at this point.