Logic.

The subject of logic is concerned with the correctness of reasoning. We shall discuss this topic in stages, by addressing the following questions.

- (1) What kinds of mathematical objects do we want to study and write about?
- (2) What is the syntax of a correctly written statement?
- (3) What does it mean for a statement to be true?
- (4) What is a proof?
- (5) What are some strategies for creating and writing proofs?

Let's begin with an example. Goldbach's Conjecture is the statement that every even number greater than 2 is a sum of two prime numbers. No one knows if Goldbach's Conjecture is true, which is why it is called a "conjecture". Let us write it down formally. Since the statement refers to even numbers, it will help to have a formal expression $\varphi_{\text{even}}(x)$ which is true about x exactly when x is even. Similarly, it will help to have a formal expression $\varphi_{\text{prime}}(x)$ which is true about x exactly when x is prime. If we had such expressions, then Goldbach's Conjecture could be written

$$(\forall x)(((x > 2) \land \varphi_{\text{even}}(x)) \to (\exists y)(\exists z)(\varphi_{\text{prime}}(y) \land \varphi_{\text{prime}}(z) \land (x = y + z))).$$

I would read this aloud by saying "For all x, if x is greater than 2 and satisfies a formula expressing that x is even, then there exists y and z, each satisfying a formula expressing that they are prime, such that x equals y plus z". In this formal statement $\varphi_{\text{even}}(x)$ is an abbreviation for something like

$$(\exists w)(x = w + w),$$

Which I would read as "There exists w such that x equals w plus w". $\varphi_{\text{prime}}(x)$ is an abbreviation for something like

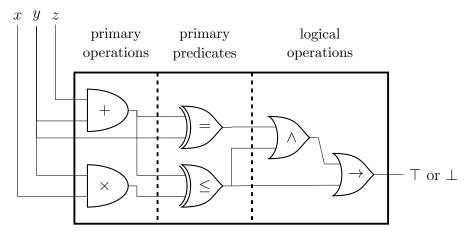
$$(x > 1) \land (\forall u)((\exists v)(x = uv) \rightarrow ((u = 1) \lor (u = x))),$$

which I would read as "x is greater that 1 and for all u, if there exists v such that x = uv, then u equals 1 or x".

One purpose for expressing Goldbach's Conjecture formally is to make the underlying structure of the sentence clear.

Predicates.

A predicate is the part of a sentence or clause containing a verb and stating something about the subject.



compound predicate