

## Prenex form.

A formula  $\varphi$  is in *prenex form* if all the quantifiers are at the front. We learned in class how to put a formula in prenex form. The procedure was based on the rules:

- $\neg(\exists x \alpha) \equiv \forall x (\neg\alpha)$
- $\neg(\forall x \alpha) \equiv \exists x (\neg\alpha)$
- $((\exists x \alpha(x)) \wedge \beta) \equiv \exists x (\alpha(x) \wedge \beta)$  if  $x$  is not free in  $\beta$
- $((\forall x \alpha(x)) \wedge \beta) \equiv \forall x (\alpha(x) \wedge \beta)$  if  $x$  is not free in  $\beta$
- $((\exists x \alpha(x)) \vee \beta) \equiv \exists x (\alpha(x) \vee \beta)$  if  $x$  is not free in  $\beta$
- $((\forall x \alpha(x)) \vee \beta) \equiv \forall x (\alpha(x) \vee \beta)$  if  $x$  is not free in  $\beta$

The quantifier-free part of a formula in prenex form is called the *matrix* of the formula. It is always possible to put the matrix in disjunctive normal form, so every formula is equivalent to one of the form “(quantifiers)  $\bigvee \bigwedge (\pm \text{atomic})$ ”.

In the “Quantifiers” handout we learned how to determine whether a sentence in prenex form is true in a structure. Today we will practice putting a formula in prenex form and testing the truth of a sentence in prenex form.

**Exercises on Prenex Form.** Put the following formulas in prenex form.

(1)  $\exists y ((\exists x (0 < x)) \rightarrow (y < y^2))$

(2)  $((\exists x (0 < x)) \wedge (\forall x (x < 1)))$

(3)  $((\forall x P(x)) \rightarrow \forall y Q(y)) \rightarrow (\forall x R(x) \rightarrow \forall y S(y))$

- (4) You can fool some of the people all of the time, and all of the people some of the time, but you cannot fool all of the people all of the time. (Hint #1: Use predicates  $\text{Person}(x)$ ,  $\text{Time}(t)$ , and  $\text{Fool}(x, y, t)$  expressing “ $x$  is a person”, “ $t$  is a time”, and “ $x$  fools  $y$  at time  $t$ ”. Hint #2: Write the sentence in the most obvious way first, then change it to prenex form. Hint #3: Interpret “You can fool ...” to mean “Anyone can fool ...”.)