

Expanding the Language of Set Theory

The Formal Language of Set Theory

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- ❺ punctuation (optional): parentheses and commas.

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Example 2.

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Example 2. (S = successor symbol)

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The formula $\varphi_S(x)$ accepts two inputs, x and y , and returns true exactly when ‘ $y = S(x)$ ’ is true.

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Example 3.

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$$0 \quad := \emptyset$$

$$1 \quad := S(0)$$

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The Power Set Axiom asserts that if X is a set, then the power set $\mathcal{P}(X)$ is also a set.

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