

ALGEBRA 1

HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT IV

(Turn in underlined problems.)

Read Sections 3.4, 3.5, Appendix II.1.

| <u>SECTION</u> | <u>PROBLEMS</u> |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 3.2 | 9, 14 |
| 3.3 | 4 |
| 3.4 | 8, 12 |

ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS

1. If G is a simple group, what are the possibilities for the lattice of normal subgroups of $G \times G$?

2. Find groups $N \triangleleft G$, $N' \triangleleft G'$, with

- (a) $G \cong G'$, $N \cong N'$, but $G/N \not\cong G'/N'$.
- (b) $G \cong G'$, $G/N \cong G'/N'$, but $N \not\cong N'$.
- (c) $G/N \cong G'/N'$, $N \cong N'$, but $G \not\cong G'$.

3. Find a group G with $G \cong G \times G$.

4. (Parts (a) and (b) will be considered one problem, and parts (c) and (d) will be considered one problem.)

Let A be an abelian group of order mn where $\gcd(m, n) = 1$. By the Chinese Remainder Theorem, there exists an integer a such that $a \equiv 1 \pmod{m}$ and $a \equiv 0 \pmod{n}$. Let $\varphi: A \rightarrow A: x \mapsto x^a$. Show that

- (a) φ is an idempotent endomorphism of A . (Idempotence means $\varphi(\varphi(x)) = \varphi(x)$ for all $x \in A$.)
- (b) $A \cong \text{im}(\varphi) \times \text{ker}(\varphi)$.
- (c) $|\text{im}(\varphi)| = m$ and $|\text{ker}(\varphi)| = n$.
- (d) A is isomorphic to a product of groups of prime power order.

5. Show that if N is a minimal normal subgroup of a finite group G , then $N \cong S^k$ for some k and some simple group S .

Challenge Problem! (Prize = 1 coin) Is there a group G such that

- (a) every proper subgroup of G is finite, and
- (b) every finite group is isomorphic to a subgroup of G ?