University of Colorado Department of Mathematics Problem of the Month September 2014

Let \mathbf{x}_i , i = 1, 2, ... be an infinite sequence of vectors in the plane \mathbb{R}^2 with integer coordinates. Show that there exists a number n such that every vector in this sequence can be written as a linear combination of the vectors $\mathbf{x}_1, ..., \mathbf{x}_n$ with integer coefficients.