## University of Colorado <br> Department of Mathematics <br> Problem of the Month <br> September 2009

Suppose that real valued functions $f(x), g(x)$ and $h(x)$ are defined for all real $x$, and that

$$
\frac{f(x)-g(y)}{x-y}=\frac{h(x)+h(y)}{2}
$$

holds for all $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $x \neq y$. Show that $f=g, f$ is a polynomial of degree at most 2 , and $h=f^{\prime}$.

