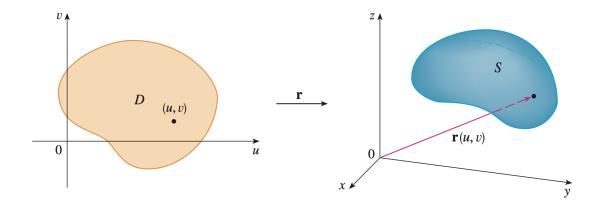
Lecture Notes	
Math 2400 - Calculus I	Π
Spring 2024	

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

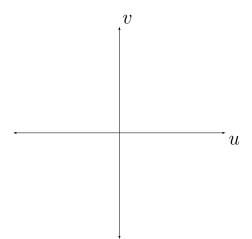
## 10.5 Parametric Surfaces

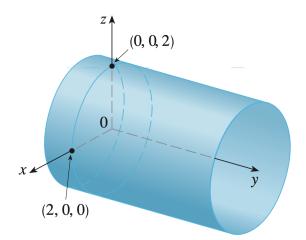
**Definition.** What is a parametric surface?



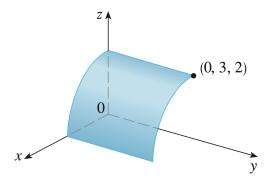
**Example.** Identify and sketch the surface with vector equation

$$\vec{r}(u,v) = 2\cos u\vec{i} + v\vec{j} + 2\sin u\vec{k}$$

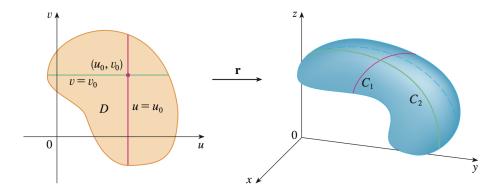




Question. How can we modify the previous example to obtain a quarter-cylinder with length 3?



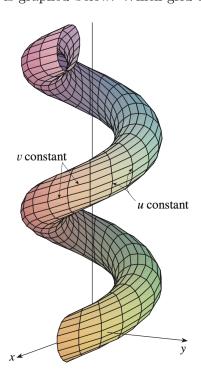
## **Definition.** What are grid curves?



## Example. The surface

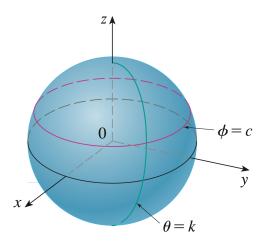
$$\vec{r}(u,v) = \langle (2+\sin v)\cos u, (2+\sin v)\sin u, u+\cos v \rangle$$

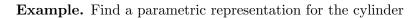
is graphed below. Which grid curves have u constant? Which have v constant?



**Example.** Find a vector function that represents the plane that passes through the point  $P_0$  with position vector  $r_0$  and that contains two non-parallel vectors  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$ .

**Example.** Find a parametric representation of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ . What are the grid curves?





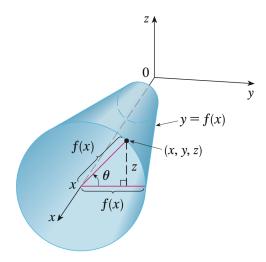
$$x^2 + y^2 = 4 \qquad 0 \le z \le 1$$

**Remark.** Suppose a surface S is given as the graph of a function of x and y, that is, with an equation of the form z = f(x, y). How can we view S as a parametric surface?

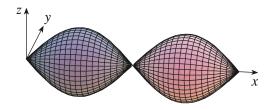


**Example.** Find a parametric representation for the top half of the cone  $z^2 = 4x^2 + 4y^2$ .

**Definition.** What is a surface of revolution? How can we represent a surface of revolution parametrically?



**Example.** Find parametric equations for the surface generated by rotating the curve  $y = \sin x, 0 \le x \le 2\pi$  about the x-axis. Use these equations to graph the surface of revolution.



**Example.** Find a parametric representation for the cone  $x^2 = 4(y^2 + z^2)$ .

