A. 8.7 Using Cayley’s Theorem, explicitly find an isomorphic copy of $D_3$ inside $S_6$.

8.10 For each $w \in S_n$, let $\tilde{w} \in S_{2n}$ be the permutation given by

$$\tilde{w}(j) = \begin{cases} 
w(j), & \text{if } 1 \leq j \leq n, \\
w(j-n) + n, & \text{if } n+1 \leq j \leq 2n. \end{cases}$$

(a) Describe the relationship between the diagram of $w$ and the diagram of $\tilde{w}$.
(b) Show that the function that sends $w \mapsto \tilde{w}$ is an isomorphism between $S_n$ and a subgroup of $A_{2n}$.

B. 10.1 Show that if $G \times H$ is cyclic, then both $G$ and $H$ are cyclic.

10.2 Show that $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ and $\mathbb{Z}$ are not isomorphic.

10.7 Which of the following groups are isomorphic to one-another?

$$\mathbb{Z}_{24}, \ D_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_3, \ D_{12}, \ A_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_2, \ \mathbb{Z}_2 \times D_6, \ S_4, \ \mathbb{Z}_{12} \times \mathbb{Z}_2.$$  

C. For $p$ prime, let $\mathbb{F}_p$ denote the set $\{0,1,\ldots,p-1\}$ where we add and multiply modulo $p$ (as opposed to $\mathbb{Z}_p$ where we just add). Define

$$U_n(\mathbb{F}_p) = \{a \in M_n(\mathbb{F}_p) \mid a_{jj} = 1, 1 \leq j \leq n, a_{ji} = 0, 1 \leq i < j \leq n\}.$$  

This group is called the group of unipotent, uppertriangular matrices with entries in $\mathbb{F}_p$.

(a) What is the order of $U_3(\mathbb{F}_2)$? Show that $U_3(\mathbb{F}_2)$ is isomorphic to an already familiar group.

Remark. The group $U_3(\mathbb{F}_p)$ is often called the Heisenberg group and is useful in mathematical physics.

(b) Show that $U_2(\mathbb{F}_p) \cong \mathbb{Z}_p$, and that if $n \geq 2$, then $U_2(\mathbb{F}_p)$ is isomorphic to a subgroup of $U_n(\mathbb{F}_p)$. 