

Determine whether the following series converge or diverge. If a series converges and the terms are not eventually positive, determine whether or not the convergence is absolute.

1.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n^3 + 1}$$

2.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2 + 1}{n^3 + 1}$$

3.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3}{5^n}$$

4.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{n+1}}$$

5.
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n\sqrt{\ln n}}$$

$$6. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln \left(\frac{n}{3n+1} \right)$$

$$7. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$$

$$8. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(3n)}{1+(1.2)^n}$$

$$9. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdots (2n-1)}{5^n n!}$$

$$10. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1+n}{3n} \right)^n$$

$$11. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - \cos(1/n)) \text{ [Hint: compare to } \sum_n \frac{1}{n^2} \text{.]}$$

$$12. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{8^n}{n!}$$

$$13. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} 2^n}{n^2}$$

$$14. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{n}$$

$$15. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\tan(1/n)}{n^{3/2}}$$

$$16. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2 + \sin n}$$

$$17. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin(1/n^2)$$

$$18. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \cos(1/n^2)$$

$$19. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tan(1/n^2)$$

$$20. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} ne^{-n^2}$$