

4.1July 15th

$$\textcircled{1} \quad y = 12x^3 - 8x^2 + 7x + 5, \quad y' = 36x^2 - 16x + 7$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad f(x) = 6x^{3.5} - 10x^{0.5}, \quad f'(x) = 6(3.5x^{2.5}) - 10(0.5x^{-0.5}) \\ = 21x^{2.5} - 5x^{-0.5}$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad y = 10x^{-3} + 5x^{-4} - 8x, \quad y' = 10(-3x^{-4}) + 5(-4x^{-5}) - 8 \\ = -30x^{-4} - 20x^{-5} - 8$$

$$\textcircled{13} \quad y = \frac{6}{x^4} - \frac{7}{x^3} + \frac{3}{x} + \sqrt{5} \\ = 6x^{-4} - 7x^{-3} + 3x^{-1} + \sqrt{5}$$

$$y' = 6(-4x^{-5}) - 7(-3x^{-4}) + 3(-x^{-2}) + 0$$

$$= \frac{-24}{x^5} + \frac{21}{x^4} - \frac{3}{x^2}$$

$$\textcircled{17} \quad y = \frac{6}{\sqrt[4]{x}} = 6x^{-1/4}, \quad y' = 6\left(-\frac{1}{4}x^{-5/4}\right) = \frac{-3}{2\sqrt[4]{x^5}}$$

$$\textcircled{29} \quad f(x) = \frac{x^4}{6} - 3x, \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{6}(4x^3) - 3(1) \\ = \frac{2x^3}{3} - 3$$

$$f'(-2) = \frac{2(-2)^3}{3} - 3$$

$$= -\frac{16}{3} - \frac{9}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{25}{3}$$

$$(31) \quad y = x^4 - 5x^3 + 2, \quad y' = 4x^3 - 5(3x^2) + 0 \\ = 4x^3 - 15x^2$$

$$y'(2) = 4(2)^3 - 15(2)^2 \\ = 32 - 60 = -28$$

tangent line

$$y - (2^4 - 5 \cdot 2^3 + 2) = -28(x - 2)$$

$$y = -28x + 34$$

$$(39) \quad f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 - 7x + 8$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 8x - 7 = 0 \Rightarrow x =$$

$$\frac{-(-8) \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4 \cdot 3 \cdot (-7)}}{2 \cdot 3}$$

$$= \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 + 84}}{6}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \pm \frac{\sqrt{37}}{3}$$

$$(45) \quad g'(z) = 7, \quad h'(z) = 14$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}g(x) + \frac{1}{4}h(x)$$

$$f'(z) = \frac{1}{2}g'(z) + \frac{1}{4}h'(z) \\ = \frac{7}{2} + \frac{14}{4} = 7$$

$$(73) \quad s(t) = -16t^2 + 64t \quad \text{ft} \\ s'(t) = -32t + 64 \quad \text{ft/sec}$$

$$(a) \quad s'(2) = 0, \quad s'(3) = -32 \quad \text{ft/sec}$$

$$(b) \quad s'(t) = 0 \Rightarrow t = 2 \quad \text{sec}$$

$$(c) \quad s(2) = 64 \quad \text{ft}$$

$s(t)$ is position at time t ,

$s'(t)$ is velocity at time t ,

$s'(t) = 0$ happens at the max height

the max height is $s(2)$

$$(53) \quad p(q) = \frac{1000}{q^2} + 1000$$

$$R(q) = q \cdot p = \frac{1000}{q} + 1000q$$

$$R'(q) = 1000(-q^{-2}) + 1000$$

$$= 1000 \left(1 - \frac{1}{q^2} \right)$$

$$R'(10) = 1000 \left(1 - \frac{1}{100} \right)$$

$$= 990$$