

1. Suppose $\log_b x = 2$, $\log_b y = 3$, $\log_b z = 5$. Find the following:

(a) $\log_b \left(\frac{\sqrt{xyb}}{zb^2} \right)$

(b) $\frac{x^3 y^2}{\sqrt{bz}}$ if $b = 2$.

2. Suppose a 5-year CD (cash deposit) has an interest rate of 2.27% compounded daily. With a deposit of P_0 dollars, the account grows like

$$P(t) = P_0(1 + .0227/365)^{365t}, t \text{ in years.}$$

(You may leave your answers in terms of exp/log if you don't want to use a calculator.)

- (a) What is the value of the account (after 5 years) if \$10,000 was deposited initially?
- (b) How long does it take for the value of the account to double?

3. Consider

$$g(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 8}{x^2 - 5x + 6}.$$

- (a) Where is g discontinuous?
- (b) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} g(x)$.
- (c) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} g(x)$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} g(x)$.
- (d) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} g(x)$.

4. Draw the graph of a function f with the following properties:

(a) f has domain $[-5, 5]$

(b) f is continuous except at $x = -2, 2$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} f(x) = -1$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} f(x) = 1$, $f(-2) = 0$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = +\infty$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = -\infty$, $f(2) = 1$

5. Consider the function $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$ ($= x^{1/3}$).

(a) What is the average rate of change of f over the interval $[1, 8]$?

(b) Find the instantaneous rate of change of f at $x = 1$.

(Hint: Multiply both the numerator and denominator of

$$\frac{x^{1/3} - 1}{x - 1} \text{ or } \frac{(1+h)^{1/3} - 1}{h}$$

by

$$x^{2/3} + x^{1/3} + 1 \text{ or } (1+h)^{2/3} + (1+h)^{1/3} + 1,$$

i.e. use the “difference of cubes” factorization

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

to get rid of the $x - 1$ or h in the denominator.)