

# Math 3130 - Assignment 7

Due March 4, 2016

- (55) Let  $B = (b_1, \dots, b_n)$  be a basis for a vector space  $V$  and consider the coordinate mapping  $V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $x \mapsto [x]_B$ .
- (a) Show that  $[c \cdot x]_B = c[x]_B$  for all  $x \in V, c \in \mathbb{R}$ .
  - (b) Show that the coordinate mapping is onto  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
- (56) Let  $\mathbb{P}_2$  be the vector space of polynomials of degree at most 2, and let  $D : \mathbb{P}_2 \rightarrow \mathbb{P}_2, f \mapsto f'$ , be the linear map that computes the derivative of a polynomial.
- (a) Determine kernel and range of  $D$ .
  - (b) Is  $D$  injective, surjective, bijective?
- (57) Which of the following are bases of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ? Why or why not?

$$A = \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \right), B = \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \right), C = \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

- (58) Give a basis for  $\text{Nul } A$  and a basis for  $\text{Col } A$  for

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & -4 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 6 & 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (59) Give 2 different bases for

$$H = \text{Span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

- (60) Show that  $\cos t, \cos 2t$  are linearly independent in the vector space of real valued functions.
- (61) Consider the vector space of functions  $V = \text{Span}\{\cos t, 2 \cos t, \cos 2t, 3 \cos 2t\}$ . Give a basis for  $V$ .
- (62) Let  $B = \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \right)$  be a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .
- (a) Give the change of coordinates matrix  $P_B$  from  $B$  to the standard basis  $E = (e_1, e_2)$ .
  - (b) Find vectors  $u, v \in \mathbb{R}^2$  with  $[u]_B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, [v]_B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ .
  - (c) Compute the coordinates relative to  $B$  of  $w = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (63) Let  $B = (1, t, t^2)$  and  $C = (1, 1 + t, 1 + t + t^2)$  be bases of  $\mathbb{P}_2$ .
- (a) Determine the polynomials  $p, q$  with  $[p]_B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $[q]_C = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ .
  - (b) Compute  $[r]_B$  and  $[r]_C$  for  $r = 3 + 2t + t^2$ .