

# Math 2135 - Assignment 9

Due November 1, 2019

- (1) Let  $V, W$  be vector spaces over  $F$ , let  $B = (b_1, \dots, b_n)$  be a basis of  $V$ , and let  $f: V \rightarrow W$  be linear.

Show that

$$f(V) = \text{Span}(f(b_1), \dots, f(b_n)).$$

- (2) Let

$$f: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3, x \mapsto \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot x$$

- (a) Determine a basis for the range and for the kernel of  $f$ . What are their dimensions?  
Hint: Use Problem 1.
- (b) Is  $f$  surjective, injective, bijective?
- (3) Let  $P_3$  be the vector space of polynomials of degree  $\leq 3$  over  $\mathbb{R}$ , and let  $d: P_3 \rightarrow P_3, p \rightarrow p'$  be the derivation map.
- (a) Determine the range and the kernel of  $d$ .
- (b) Is  $d$  surjective, injective, bijective?
- (4) Let  $e: P_3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, p \rightarrow p(1)$ , be the function that evaluates a polynomial  $p$  at  $x = 1$ .
- (a) Determine the range and the kernel of  $e$ .
- (b) Is  $e$  surjective, injective, bijective?
- (5) Let  $A, B \in F^{n \times n}$  such that  $AB$  is invertible. Show that  $A$  and  $B$  are invertible.  
Hint: Use the Invertible Matrix Theorem. How can you get a left inverse for  $B$  from the inverse  $C$  of  $AB$ ? How to get a right inverse of  $A$ ?
- (6) Show the **Rank Theorem**: For  $A \in F^{m \times n}$ ,

$$\dim \text{Col } A = \dim \text{Row } A$$

$\dim \text{Col } A$  is also called the **rank** of  $A$ , denoted  $\text{rank } A$ .

Hint: Use the Theorem in Problem 7 of Assignment 6 to obtain a basis of the row space  $\text{Row } A$ .

- (7) Show that  $A \in F^{n \times n}$  is invertible iff  $\text{rank } A = n$ .
- (8) Let  $V, W$  be vector spaces over  $F$  with zero vectors  $0_V, 0_W$ , respectively. Let  $f: V \rightarrow W$  linear. Show
- (a)  $f(0_V) = 0_W$ ,
- (b) that  $\ker f$  is a subspace of  $V$ .