Math 2135 - Assignment 5

Due October 5, 2018

(1) (a) Which of the vectors u, v, w are in Nul A?

$$u = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad v = \begin{bmatrix} -1\\0\\2\\-1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad w = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 2 & 4\\2 & -4 & 1 & 0\\-3 & 6 & 2 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) Solve Ax = 0 and give the solution in parametric vector form.
- (c) Find vectors $v_1, \ldots, v_k \in \mathbb{R}^4$ such that $\operatorname{Nul} A = \operatorname{Span}\{v_1, \ldots, v_k\}$.
- (2) Determine all the vectors in \mathbb{R}^3 that are orthogonal to $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\-3 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}$ without using

the cross product. What is this set of vectors geometrically?

(3) Use row reduction to solve the following linear system over \mathbb{Z}_2 (for brevity we write 0, 1 for the classes [0], [1], respectively):

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (4) Let F be a field. Show that $F^{2\times 2}$ forms a vector space with + the sum of matrices and \cdot the multiplication of a matrix by a scalar. In particular, determine what is the zero vector and what is the additive inverse of a matrix in $F^{2\times 2}$.
- (5) Prove or disprove:
 - (a) U = { [t]/(2t] | t ∈ ℝ} is a vectorspace over ℝ with componentwise addition and scalar multipes;
 (b) V = { [1+t]/(2t] | t ∈ ℝ} is a vectorspace over ℝ with componentwise addition and the numbring of the second scalar multiple of the second scalar multip
 - scalar multipes.

Hint: For proving that V is a vector space, check all the axioms. For showing that Vis not a vectorspace, find one axiom which is not satisfied.