## Math 2001 - Assignment 4

Due September 23, 2015

- (1) Are the following equalities true for all statements P, Q, R?
  - (a)  $P \Leftrightarrow Q = \sim P \Leftrightarrow \sim Q$
  - (b)  $(P \Rightarrow Q) \Rightarrow R = P \Rightarrow (Q \Rightarrow R)$
- (2) Find a statement in P,Q and R that is true exactly for the following instances:

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} P & Q & R & \\ \hline T & F & F & T \\ F & T & F & T \end{array}$$

- (3) [1, Section 2.7]: Exercises 4,6,8
- (4) Formulate the following sentences using quantifiers and logical operations. Are they true?
  - (a) For all integers n we have that n(n+1) is even.
  - (b) If  $x^2$  is rational, then so is x.
  - (c) There exists a real number z such that x + z = x for every real x.
  - (d) Every real number is smaller than some integer.
- (5) Negate the following sentences:
  - (a) xy = 0 iff x = 0 or y = 0
  - (b) The derivative of a polynomial function f is 0 iff f is con-
  - (c)  $\exists x \in \mathbb{R} : x^2 = -1$
  - (d)  $\forall r \in \mathbb{R} : \sin(r\pi) = 0 \Leftrightarrow r \text{ is an integer}$
- (6) Are the following sentences true? Negate them:
  - (a) There exists a right triangle that is not isosceles.

  - (b)  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^+ \ \exists n \in \mathbb{N} : \frac{1}{n} \le x$ . (c)  $\exists m \in \mathbb{N} \ \forall p \in \mathbb{N} : p \text{ prime } \Rightarrow p \le m$

## References

[1] Richard Hammack. The Book of Proof. Creative Commons, 2nd edition, 2013. Available for free: http://www.people.vcu.edu/~rhammack/BookOfProof/