## Math 2300 Honors - Final Review Questions

#### Fall 2012

December 14th, 2012

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Which of the following differential equations has  $sin(x) + e^x$  as a solution?

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A.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y$ B.  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -y$ C.  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = y$ D.  $\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} = y$ E.  $\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} = -y$ 

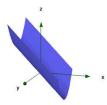
Which of the following is false of the function f(x, y) in the picture (it's a hyperbolic paraboloid  $z = x^2 - y^2$ ):



- A. The z-constant traces are hyperbolas
- B. It has parabolic *x*-constant traces
- C. It has non-zero partial derivatives everywhere
- D. It contains at least one straight line
- E. The integral of this function over the unit square in the *xy*-plane is zero

#### Which of the functions is shown in the picture?

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A. 
$$z = x^{2} - y$$
  
B.  $z = x^{2} + y$   
C.  $z = y^{2} - x$   
D.  $z = y^{2} + x$   
E.  $z = \sin(e^{xy + \cos(y^{17})})$ 

If f(x, y) has  $f_x(x, y) = 3$  and  $f_y(x, y) = 7$ , then ...

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- A. f(x, y) is constant
- B. f(x, y) cannot possibly exist
- C. f(x, y) has a maximum value of 21
- D. f(x, y) is a plane
- E. f(x, y) is a hyperbola

If P(t), the quantity of edible foods in your fridge as a function of time *t*, in days, exhibits exponential decay  $(\frac{dP}{dt} = kt$  for some k < 0), then which of the following information will determine the function P(t) completely?

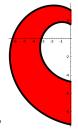
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- A. The value of k
- B. The value P(10)
- C. Two values P(10) and P(12)
- D. The half-life of your fridge-food
- E. The half-life and the value of k

Which of the following sorts of sequences cannot exist?

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- A. positive, increasing and bounded
- B. convergent and alternating
- C. divergent and alternating
- D. bounded and alternating
- E. decreasing, bounded below and divergent



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Which of the regions is shown in the picture?

A. 
$$1 < r < 2, \pi/2 < \theta < 3\pi/2$$
  
B.  $\theta < r < \theta^2, \pi/2 < \theta < 3\pi/2$   
C.  $\theta < r < 2\theta, \pi/2 < \theta < 3\pi/2$   
D.  $\cos(\theta) < r < 2\cos(\theta), \pi/2 < \theta < 3\pi/2$   
E.  $\theta < r < \theta + 1, \pi/2 < \theta < 3\pi/2$ 

$$\int_{-1}^{1}\int_{\sqrt{1-x}}^{\sqrt{2}}f(x,y)\,dydx$$

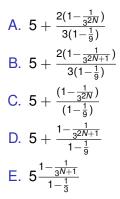
Which of the following will necessarily have the same answer?

A. 
$$2 \int_{0}^{1} \int_{\sqrt{1-x}}^{\sqrt{2}} f(x, y) \, dy dx$$
  
B.  $\int_{-1}^{1} \int_{\sqrt{1-y}}^{\sqrt{2}} f(x, y) \, dx dy$   
C.  $\int_{-1}^{1} \int_{1}^{1-y^{2}} f(x, y) \, dx dy$   
D.  $\int_{0}^{\sqrt{2}} \int_{1-y^{2}}^{1} f(x, y) \, dx dy$   
E.  $\int_{-1}^{1} \int_{\sqrt{1-y^{2}}}^{1} f(x, y) \, dx dy$ 

What's the sum of this series:

$$5+2/3+2/27+\ldots+2/3^{2N-1}$$

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If you see a parade of hamsters walking down the street, one-by-one, which of the following facts, taken together (choose more than one if necessary), allows you to conclude that they are all tasty?

- A. one of them is tasty
- B. the first one is tasty
- C. a tasty hamster is always followed by a tasty hamster
- D. if you see a tasty hamster, the one before it was also tasty

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E. you can't tell without frying them up

#### Answers

- 1. D
- 2. C
- 3. C
- **4**. D
- 5. C
- 6. E
- 7. C
- 8. D
- 9. A

10.  $\{B, C\}$  or  $\{A, C, D\}$  or  $\{A, B, C, D\}$ 

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