- 1. Adapt the proof from Wednesday's class to show the following: If  $h: X \to Y$  is a continuous function, F is a sheaf on X, and E is étale over Y then there is a natural bijection  $\operatorname{Hom}(h^{-1}(F^{\text{\'et}}), E) \simeq \operatorname{Hom}(F, h_*(E^{\text{sh}})).$
- 2. Suppose that X is a topological space. Verify that a presheaf F on X is a sheaf if and only if the map

$$F(U) \to \varprojlim_i F(V_i)$$

is a bijection whenever  $\{V_i\}$  is a diagram of open subsets of  $U \in Op(X)$ and  $\lim_{i \to \infty} V_i = U$  in the category of topological spaces.

- 3. A constant presheaf is a presheaf of the form F(U) = S for a fixed set S. Why is a constant presheaf usually not a sheaf?
- 4. Show that the espace étalé of the constant presheaf with value S on X is  $X \times S$ .
- 5. A sheaf F on X is called locally constant if there is an open cover  $X = \bigcup U_i$  such that each  $F|_{U_i}$  is the sheafification of a constant presheaf. Show that F is a locally constant sheaf if and only if its espace étalé is a covering space of X.