Handout #5

Math 2135 Spring 2020

Friday, March 13

1. Suppose that A is a 4×4 matrix and let I be the 4×4 identity matrix. Assume that

$$\operatorname{rref}(A|I) = \left(\begin{array}{rrr} 1 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 6 & 0 & 0 & 7 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 9 & 10 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 11 & 12 \end{array}\right)$$

- (a) What is $\operatorname{rref}(A)$?
- (b) Find a basis for null(A). What is its dimension?
- (c) Compute the dimension of col(A). Do you have enough information to compute a basis for col(A)?
- (d) Does A have a left inverse?
- (e) Does A have a right inverse?
- (f) Find a basis for $\operatorname{null}(A)$.
- (g) Find a matrix Z such that $ZA = \operatorname{rref}(A)$.
- (h) Use the reduced row echelon form above to find a matrix B such that col(A) = null(B).
- (i) Find a basis for col(A).
- 2. Do Exercise 5.6 of LADW, Chapter 2, §5: Show that the system of vectors

$$\mathbf{v}^{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\ -1\\ 1\\ 5\\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, \qquad \mathbf{v}^{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 3\\ -2\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \qquad \mathbf{v}^{3} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\ 1\\ 50\\ -921\\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

is linearly independent by completing it to a basis of \mathbb{R}^5 . Find a matrix B such that $\operatorname{span}\{\mathbf{v}^1, \mathbf{v}^2, \mathbf{v}^3\} = \operatorname{null}(B)$.