Midterm 2

Linear Algebra: Matrix Methods

MATH 2130

Fall 2022

Friday October 28, 2022

UPLOAD THIS COVER SHEET!

NAME:

PRACTICE EXAM

| Question: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| Points: | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 100 |
| Score: | | | | | | |

- The exam is closed book. You **may not use any resources** whatsoever, other than paper, pencil, and pen, to complete this exam.
- You may not discuss the exam with anyone except me, in any way, under any circumstances.
- You must explain your answers, and you will be graded on the clarity of your solutions.
- You must upload your exam as a single **.pdf** to **Canvas**, with the questions in the correct order, etc.
- You have 45 minutes to complete the exam.

1. • Compute the determinant of each of the following matrices:

(a) (10 points)
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) (10 points)
$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \pi \\ 1 & 0 & e & -4 & 8 & 3^{-5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 10^4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

| 1 | |
|-----------|--|
| 20 points | |

2. (20 points) • Let V_1 and V_2 be real vector spaces. On the product

$$V_1 \times V_2 = \{ (\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2) : \mathbf{v}_1 \in V_1, \, \mathbf{v}_2 \in V_2 \},\$$

define addition and scaling rules by

$$(\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2) + (\mathbf{w}_1, \mathbf{w}_2) = (\mathbf{v}_1 + \mathbf{w}_1, \mathbf{v}_2 + \mathbf{w}_2)$$

$$\lambda \cdot (\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2) = (\lambda \cdot \mathbf{v}_1, \lambda \cdot \mathbf{v}_2).$$

Show that these addition and scaling rules make $V_1 \times V_2$ into a real vector space.

| 2 |
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| 20 points |

3. (20 points) • Let $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3\}$ and $\{\mathbf{w}_1, \mathbf{w}_2, \mathbf{w}_3\}$ be bases for a real vector space *V*, and suppose that

Find the change-of-coordinates matrix to go from the coordinates with respect to the basis $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3\}$ to the coordinates with respect to the basis $\{\mathbf{w}_1, \mathbf{w}_2, \mathbf{w}_3\}$.

| 3 |
|-----------|
| 20 points |

4. • Consider the two dimensional discrete dynamical system

$$\mathbf{x}_{k+1} = A\mathbf{x}_k$$

where

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{cc} 1.7 & 0.3 \\ 1.2 & 0.8 \end{array} \right)$$

(a) (10 points) Is the origin an attractor, repeller, or saddle point?

(b) (10 points) Find the directions of greatest attraction or repulsion.

| 4 |
|-----------|
| 20 points |

5. • Consider the following real matrix

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{rrrr} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right)$$

(a) (5 points) Find the characteristic polynomial $p_A(t)$ of A.

(b) (5 points) *Find the eigenvalues of A*.

(c) (5 points) Find a basis for each eigenspace of A in \mathbb{R}^3 .

(d) (5 points) Is A diagonalizable? If so, find a matrix $S \in M_{3\times 3}(\mathbb{R})$ so that $S^{-1}AS$ is diagonal. If not, explain.

| 5 | | |
|---|--|--|
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| | | |

20 points