

Calculus of Parametric Eq. (§1.7, 3.4, 6.4)

Thanks to Faan Tone Liu

Key Points:

- Suppose $x(t)$ and $y(t)$ are parametric equations and t represents time. Then

- $\frac{dx}{dt}$ represents _____.

- $\frac{dy}{dt}$ represents _____.

- $\frac{dy}{dx}$ represents _____.

- Formulae for $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ in terms of t are

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \quad ,$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \quad .$$

- The instantaneous speed (of the snail) along the curve as a function of t is:

- The arc length of the curve for t in $[a, b]$ is the integral of _____ :

$$\text{Arc Length} = \quad .$$

- Other Notes:

Examples:

1. Consider the parametric curve given by $\begin{cases} x = 5 \cos(3t) \\ y = 5 \sin(3t) \end{cases}$.

At $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$ and $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$, find the slope of the tangent line and the speed.

2. A half-line is parameterized by $\begin{cases} x = 2 + 3t \\ y = -1 + 5t, \end{cases}$ where $t \geq 0$.

(a) Does $(5, 4)$ lie on the ray?

(b) Does $(2, 1)$ lie on the ray?

(c) Does $(-1, -6)$ lie on the ray?

(d) When does the line hit the y -axis?

(e) What is the speed of motion along the line?

(f) What is the slope of the line?

3. Use technology to graph

$$\begin{cases} x = t^2 \\ y = t^3 - 3t \end{cases} ; t \in \mathbb{R}.$$

(a) Find equations for the tangent lines to the curve at $(3,0)$.

(b) At $t = 1$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$. Check the concavity.

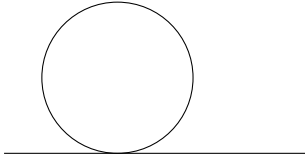
4. Consider the parametric curve given by $\begin{cases} x = t \cos t \\ y = t \sin t \end{cases}$, where $0 \leq t \leq 4\pi$.

(a) At time $t = 3.5$, which direction is the particle moving? Find the speed of the particle at this time.

(b) Find the average speed and the arc length of the particle on $[0, 4]$. What do you notice?

5. A **cycloid** is a path traced by a point on the edge of a wheel.

- (a) Find parametric equations for the cycloid generated by the wheel of radius 1 shown. Suppose t is measured in radians.



- (b) For what value(s) of t is the tangent line horizontal?

- (c) For what value(s) of t is the point stopped?