

# Daily Quiz

- Go to [Socrative.com](https://www.socrative.com) and complete the quiz.
- Room Name: HONG5824
- Use your full name.

## 7.2 Visualizing Differential Equations

- A **differential equation** is an equation that contains an unknown function and one or more of its **derivatives**.

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = kP$$

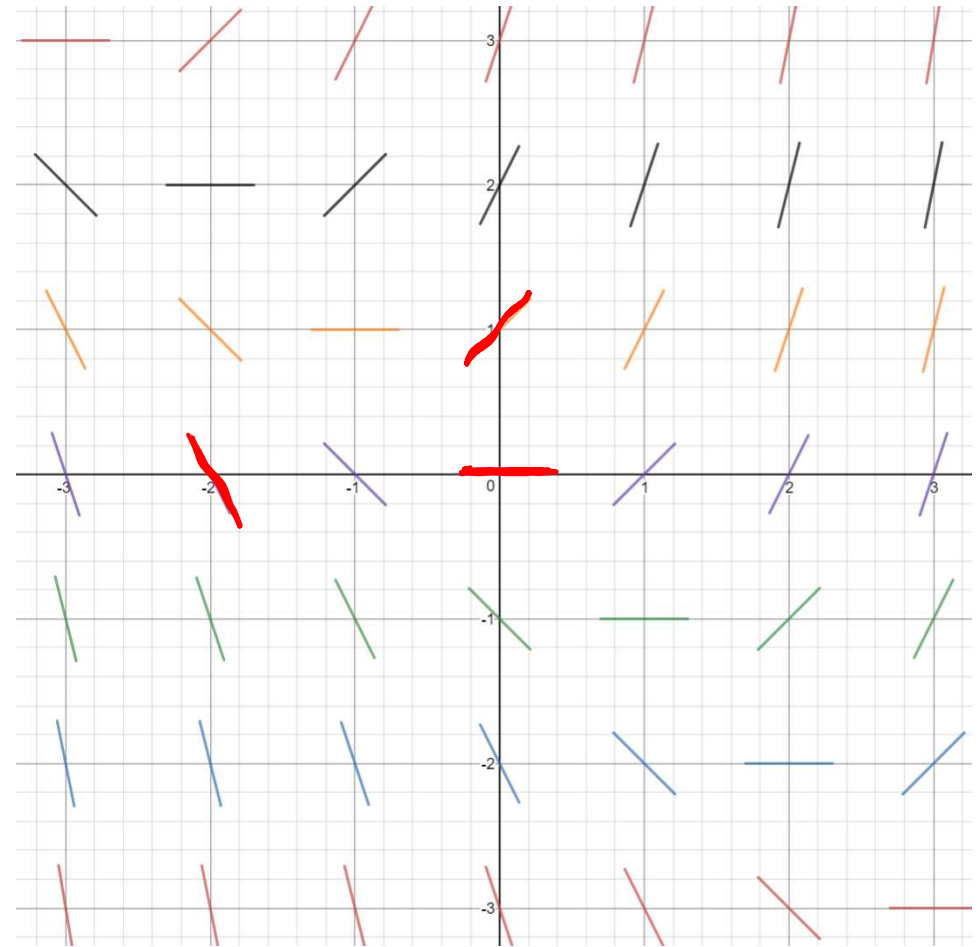
- A **Slope Field** is the graph of the derivative as a collection of slopes.
- Note: A slope field is also called a **Direction Field**.

Slope Field Generator: <https://www.desmos.com/calculator/2zqmtz0hbk>

# 7.2 Manually Computing Slope Fields

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$$

$x$	$y$	$dy/dx$
0	0	0
0	1	1
-2	0	-2
-0.1	$\sqrt{2}$	

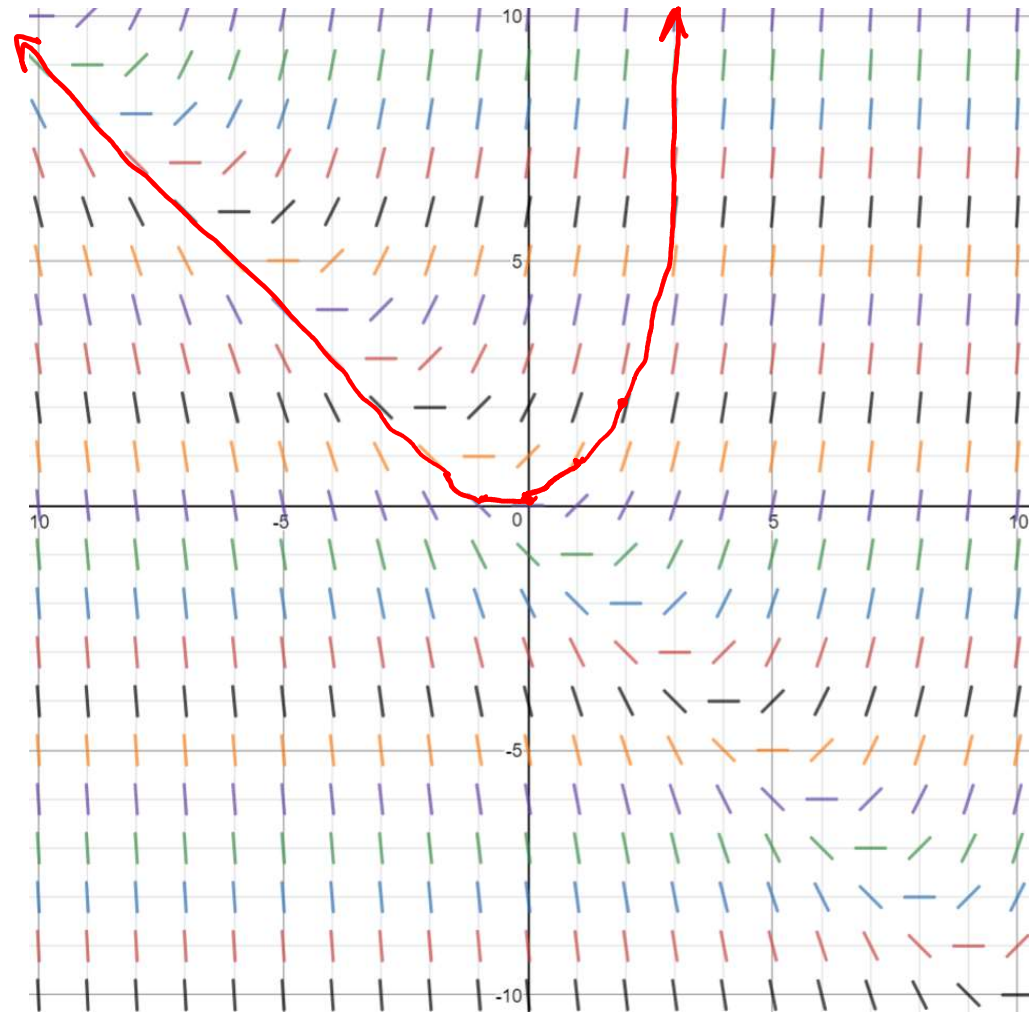


## 7.2 Slope Fields

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$$

Sketch the **solution curve** that passes through  $(1,1)$ .

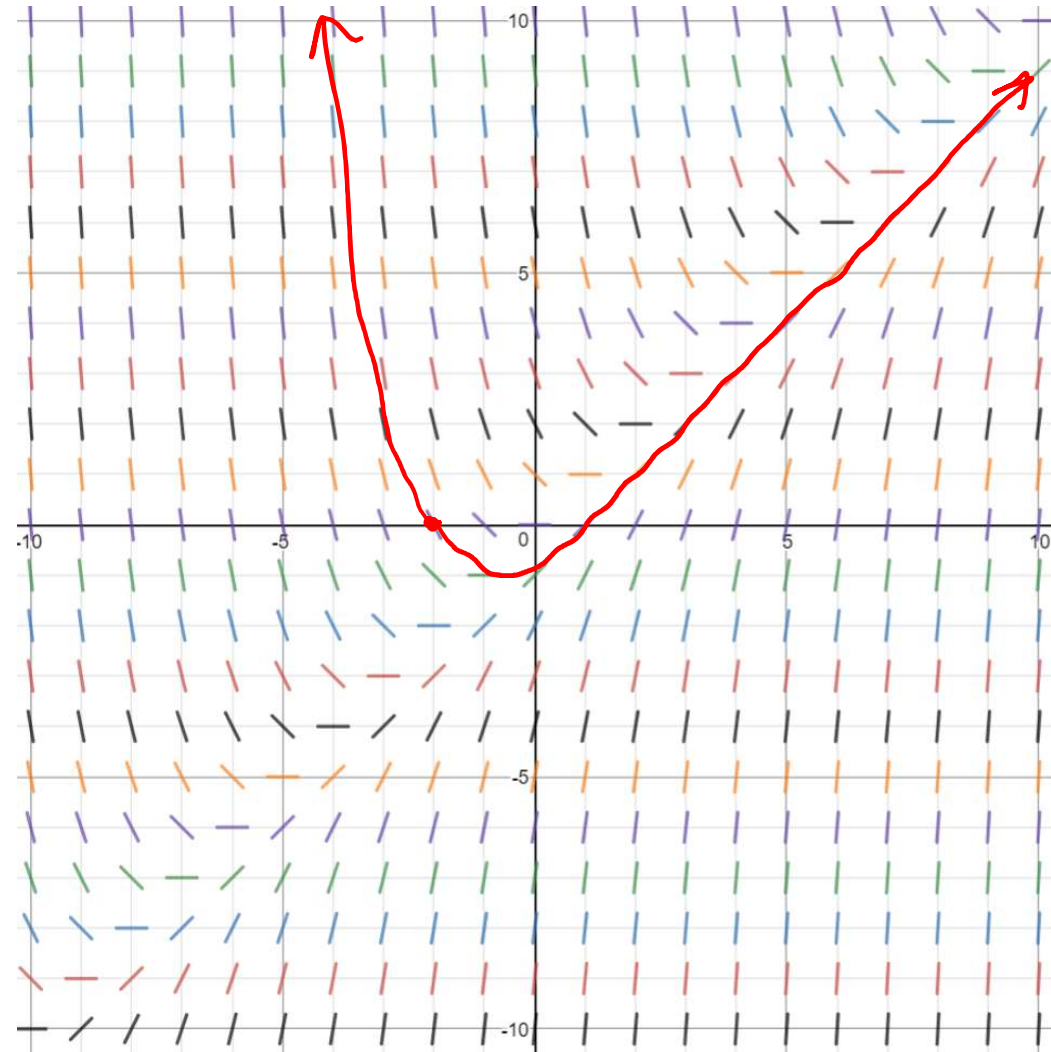
- A **solution curve** to a differential equation is a path traced out by the lines of the slope field.
- If the slope field represents a river's water currents, a solution curve represents a paper boat's path as it moves along with the current given its initial location.



## 7.2 Slope Fields

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y$$

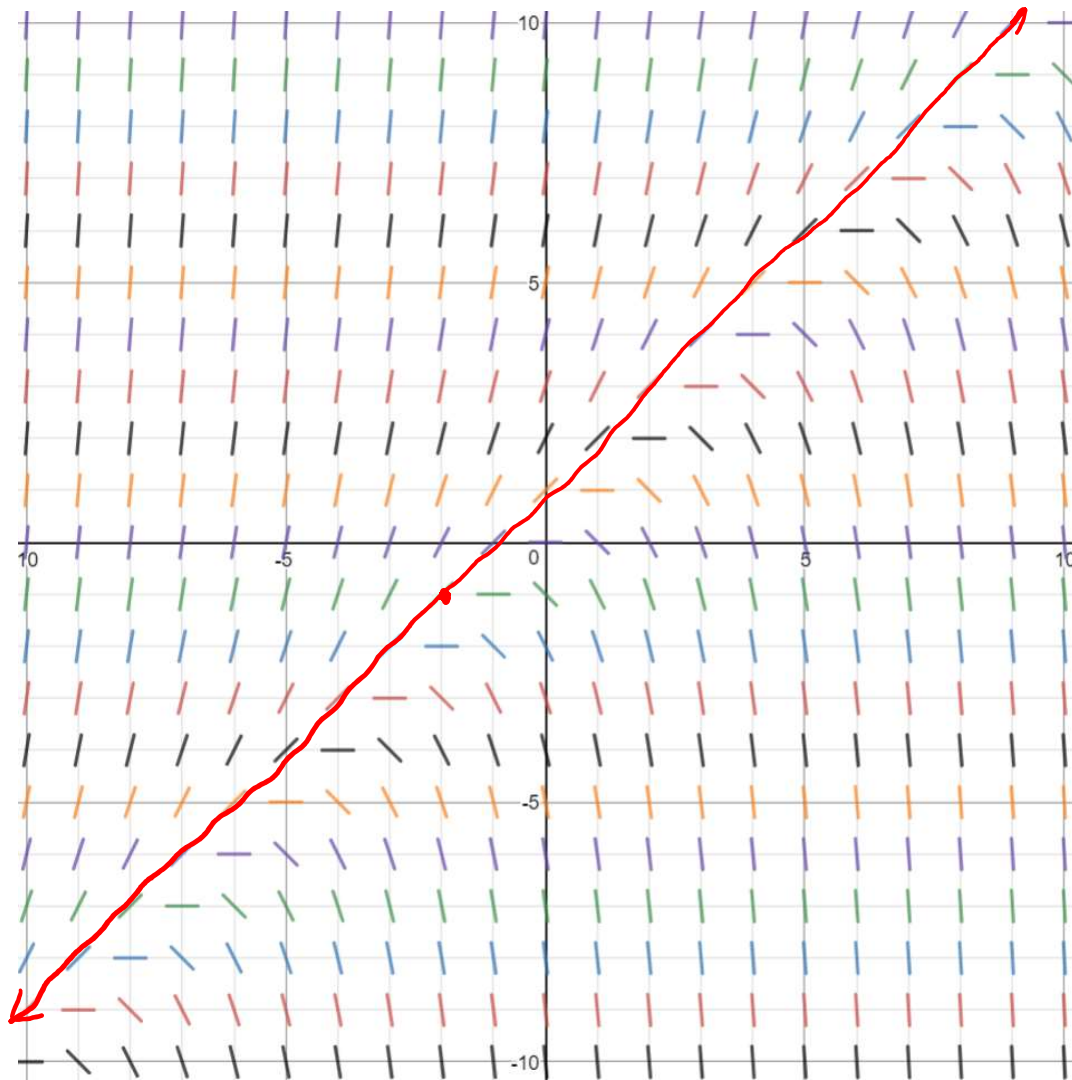
Sketch the **solution curve** that passes through  $(-2,0)$ .



## 7.2 Slope Fields

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x$$

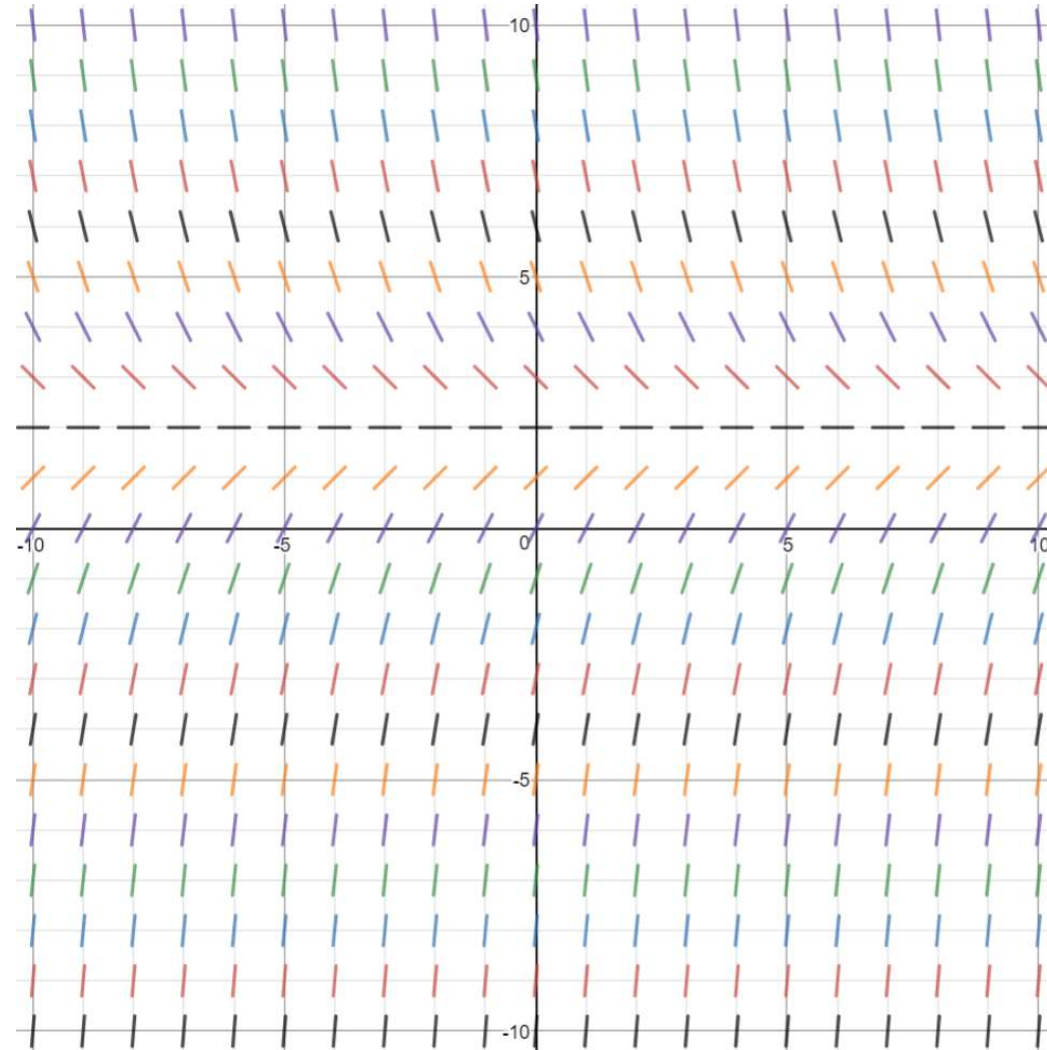
Sketch the **solution curve** that passes through  $(-2, -1)$ .



## 7.2 Slope Fields

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 - y$$

- The constant-valued solutions are called **equilibrium solutions**
- A differential equation of the form  $\frac{dy}{dx} = f(y)$  in which the independent variable is missing from the right side, is called **autonomous**.
- We can obtain infinitely many other solutions of an autonomous differential equation by just shifting the graph of one solution to the right or left.

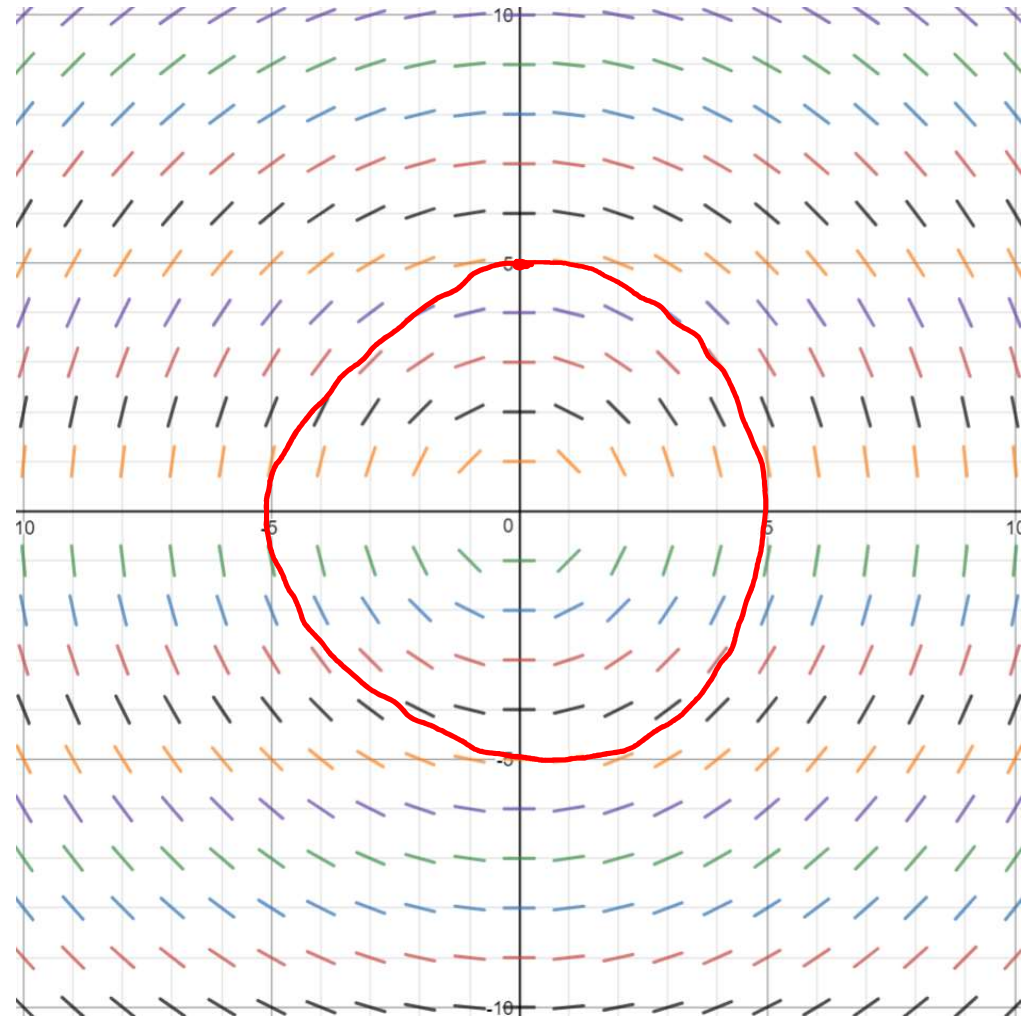




## 7.2 Slope Fields

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x}{y}$$

Sketch the **solution curve** that passes through (0,5).

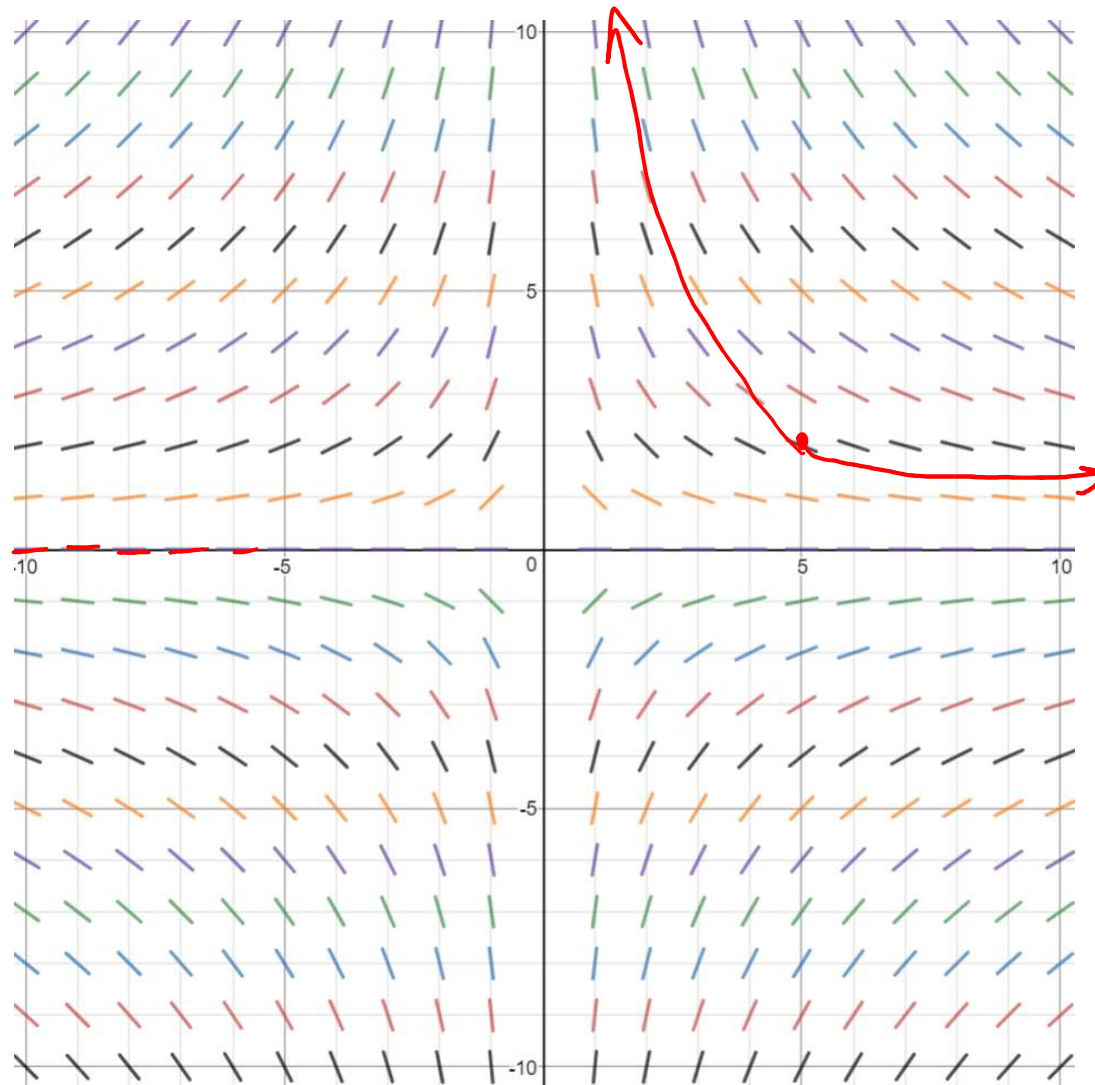




## 7.2 Slope Fields

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y}{x}$$

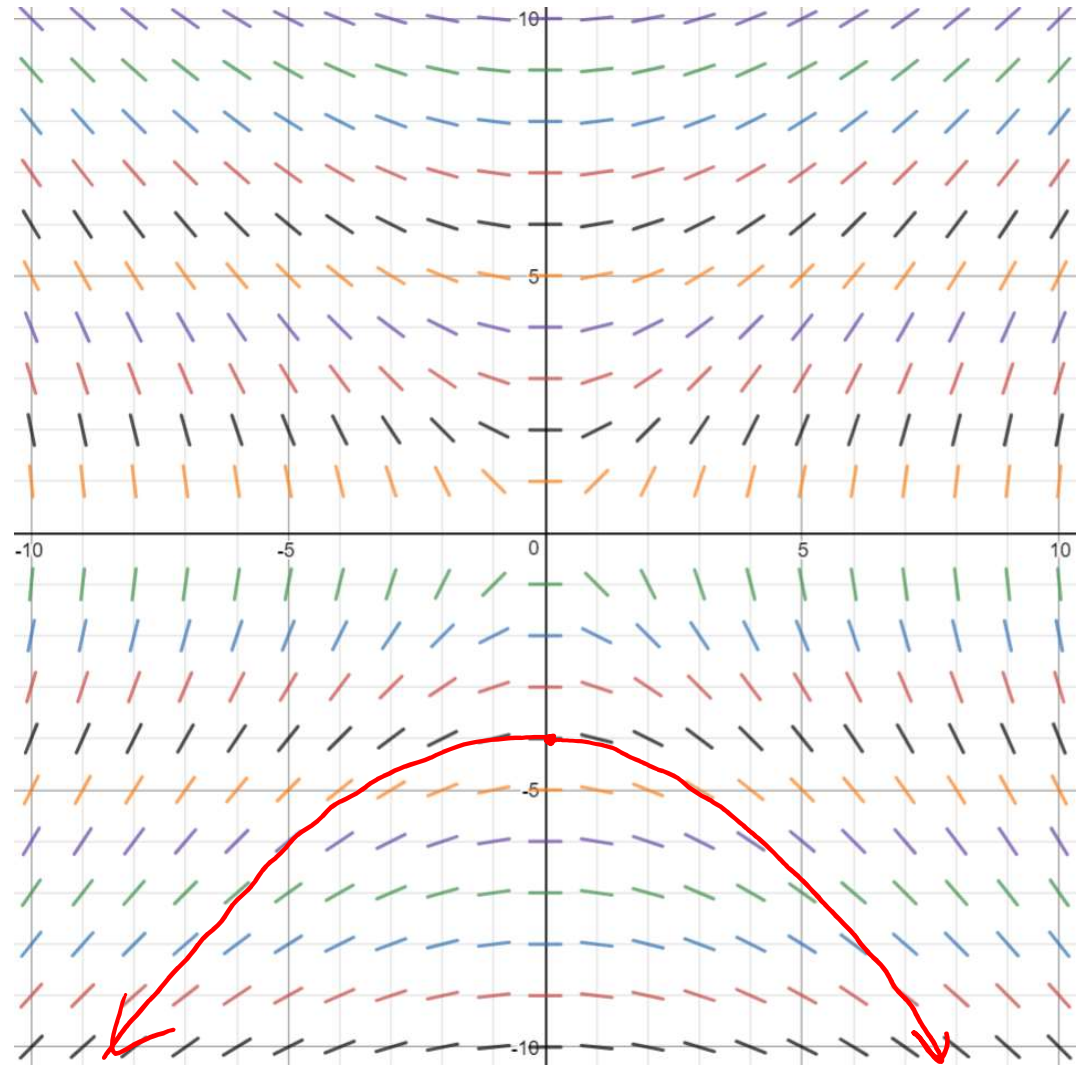
Sketch the **solution curve** that passes through (5,2).



# 7.2 Slope Fields

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{y}$$

Sketch the **solution curve** that passes through  $(0, -4)$ .



## 7.2 Slope Fields

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0.25y(4 - y)$$

- How many equilibrium solutions do you see?
- Can you identify the equilibrium solutions from just the differential equation?
- The solution  $y=4$  is a **stable equilibrium solution**.
- The solution  $y=0$  is an **unstable equilibrium solution**.

