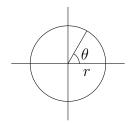
Calculus of Polar Curves (Appendix H2)

Thanks to Faan Tone Liu

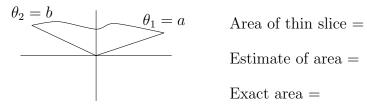
Key Points:

• Area of a sector:



Area of entire circle = Fraction of circle = Area of sector =

• Area of a polar region:



• To find the slopes of tangent lines to polar curves and arc length of polar curves, use parametric equations:

$$x =$$
$$y =$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} =$$

Arc length =

Arc length (simplified) =

• Other Notes:

Examples:

1. Find the area inside the region bounded by $r = 3 + 3\sin\theta$

2. Find the area of the region that lies inside both $r = 1 + \sin \theta$ and $r = 3 \sin \theta$.

3. Find the length of $r = 2 \csc \theta$ from $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$ to $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$. What is the slope of the curve at $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$?

4. Find the arc length of the cardioid $3 + 3\sin\theta$.