- 1. Let $f(x) = (3x^2 + 1)^2$. We are going to find the derivative of f(x) in three ways and then compare the answers.
 - (a) Algebraically multiply out the expression for f(x) and then take the derivative.

(b) View f(x) as a product of two functions, $f(x) = (3x^2 + 1)(3x^2 + 1)$ and use the product rule to find f'(x).

(c) Apply the chain rule directly to the expression $f(x) = (3x^2 + 1)^2$

(d) Are your answers in parts a, b, and c the same? Why or why not?

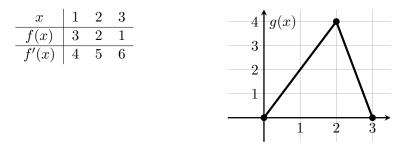
- 2. Let $f(x) = \sin(2x)$. We are going to find the derivative of f(x) in two ways and then compare answers. You will need the double angle formulas for this problem:
 - $\sin 2x = 2\sin x \cos x$
 - $\cos 2x = \cos^2 x \sin^2 x$
 - (a) Rewrite $\sin(2x)$ using the double-angle formula, then apply the product rule to find f'(x).

(b) Apply the chain rule directly to the expression $f(x) = \sin(2x)$ to find its derivative a second way.

(c) Are your answers in parts a and b the same? Why or why not?

- 3. Suppose f is differentiable and that $g(x) = (f(\sqrt{x}))^3$.
 - (a) Calculate g'(x) (your answer will include f and f').
 - (b) If f(2) = 1 and f'(2) = -2, calculate g'(4).

4. Let f(x) and g(x) be two functions. Values of f(x) and f'(x) are given in the table below and the graph of g(x) is as shown.



- (a) Let h(x) = g(f(x)). Find h'(3).
- (b) Let k(x) = f(g(x)). Find k'(1).

- 5. The US population on July 1 of 2010 was 309.33 million. The population was 311.59 million on July 1 of 2011.
 - (a) Find an exponential model p(t) to fit this data. Let t = 0 on July 1, 2010.
 - (b) Use your model to estimate the US population on November 1 of 2013.
 - (c) Find p'(3). Interpret the meaning of this number, including units.

- 6. Chains, Inc. is in the business of making and selling chains. Let c(t) be the number of miles of chain produced after t hours of production. Let p(c) be the profit as a function of the number of miles of chain produced, and let q(t) be the profit as a function of the number of hours of production.
 - (a) Suppose the company can produce three miles of chain per hour, and suppose their profit on the chains is \$4000 per mile of chain. Find each of the following (include units). c(t) =

c'(t) =

Meaning of c'(t):

p(c) =

p'(c) =

Meaning of p'(c):

q(t) =

q'(t) =

Meaning of q'(t):

How does q'(t) relate to p'(c) and c'(t)?

(b) In this part, the production and profit functions are no longer linear. Instead p(c) is modeled by the formula $p(c) = 100 - 100 \cos(\frac{\pi}{38}c)$ (where p is measured in thousands of dollars and c is measured in miles of chain), and c(t) is defined numerically below:

t (in hours)	2	4	6	8	10
c (in miles)	6	14	24	38	52

Estimate q'(4) and q'(8). What conclusions should you draw about production?